



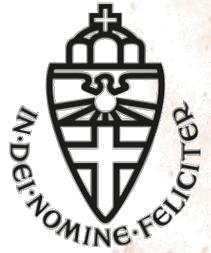
UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA



**Fast and Interactive Multi-class
Segmentation in CBCT Volumes**



3shape



**Radboud
Universiteit**





UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA



Radboud
Universiteit



Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

Organizers



Federico Bolelli

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
federico.bolelli@unimore.it



Mattia Di Bartolomeo

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
mattiadiba@hotmail.it



Natasha Hallberg

3Shape A/S, Denmark
Natasha.Hallberg@3shape.com



Luca Lumetti

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
luca.lumetti@unimore.it



Kevin Marchesini

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
kevin.marchesini@unimore.it



Alexandre Anesi

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
alexandre.anesi@unimore.it



Zdravko Marinov

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany
zdravko.marinov@kit.edu



Vittorio Pipoli

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
vittorio.pipoli@unimore.it



Rainer Stiefelhausen

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany
rainer.stiefelhausen@kit.edu



Shankeeth Vinayahalingam

Radboud University, Netherlands
shankeeth.vinayahalingam@radboudumc.nl



Torkan Gholamalizadeh

3Shape A/S, Denmark
torkan.gholamalizadeh@3shape.com



Costantino Grana

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
costantino.grana@unimore.it



Niels van Nistelrooij

Radboud University, Netherlands
niels.vanNistelrooij@radboudumc.nl

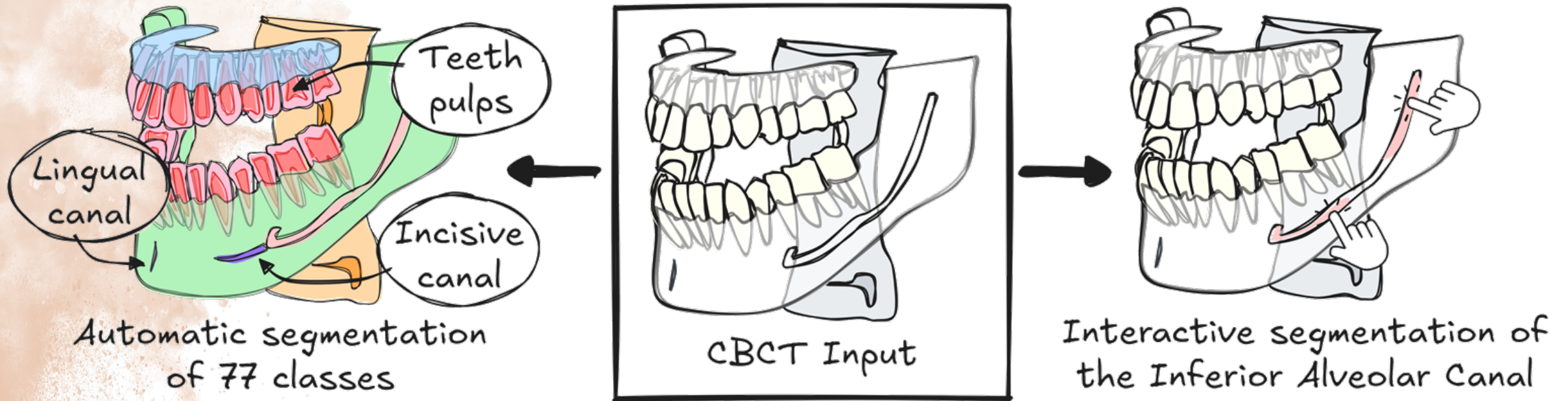


Laura Fenoy

3Shape A/S, Denmark
Laura.Fenoy@3shape.com

Challenge Tasks

- Task 1 - Fast Multi-Structure Segmentation in CBCT Volumes
- Task 2 - Interactive Segmentation of the Inferior Alveolar Canal (IAC) in CBCT Volumes



Submissions from all over the world!

Task 1

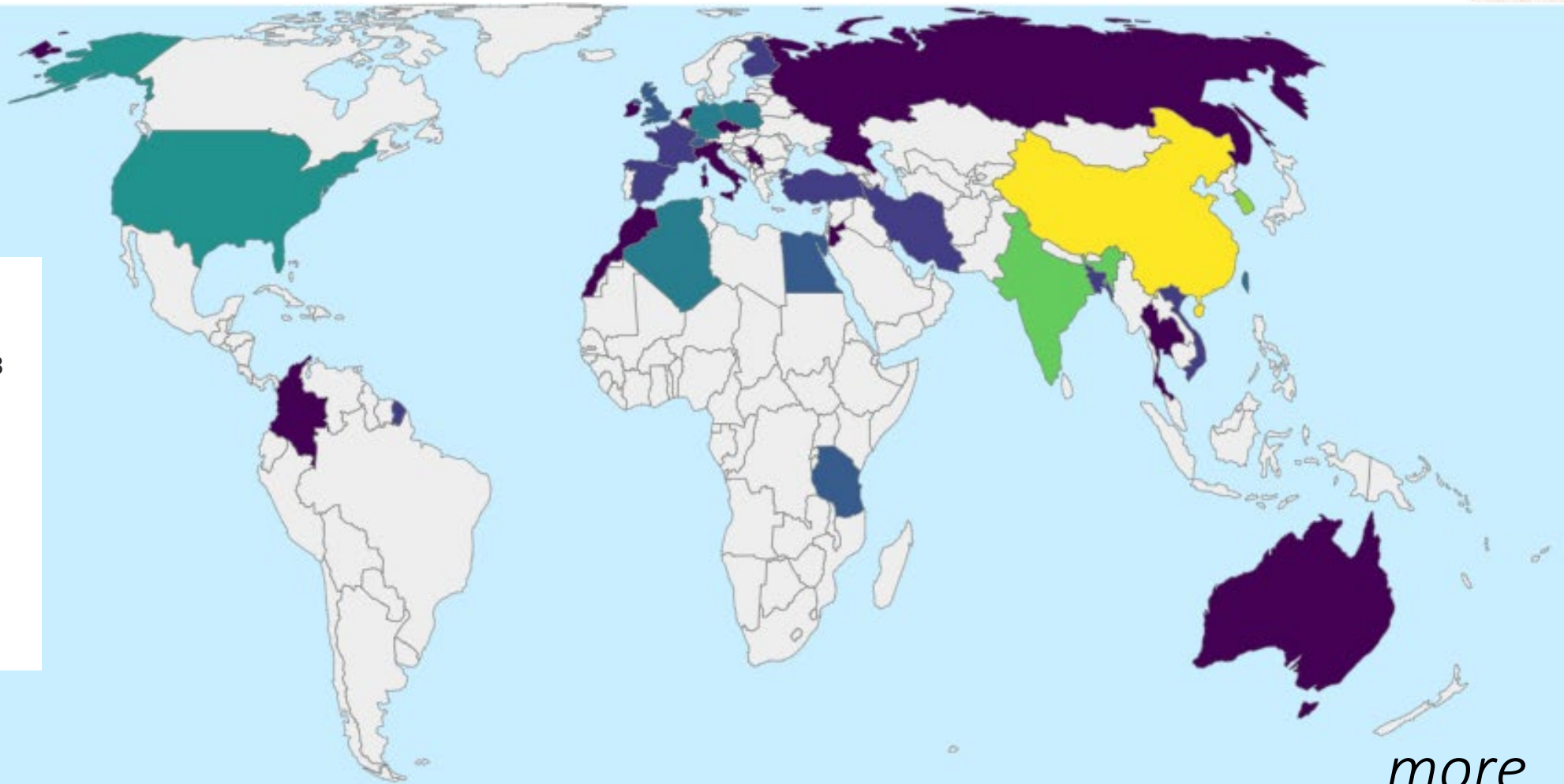
Debugging Phase: 133
Final Test Phase: 89

Task 2

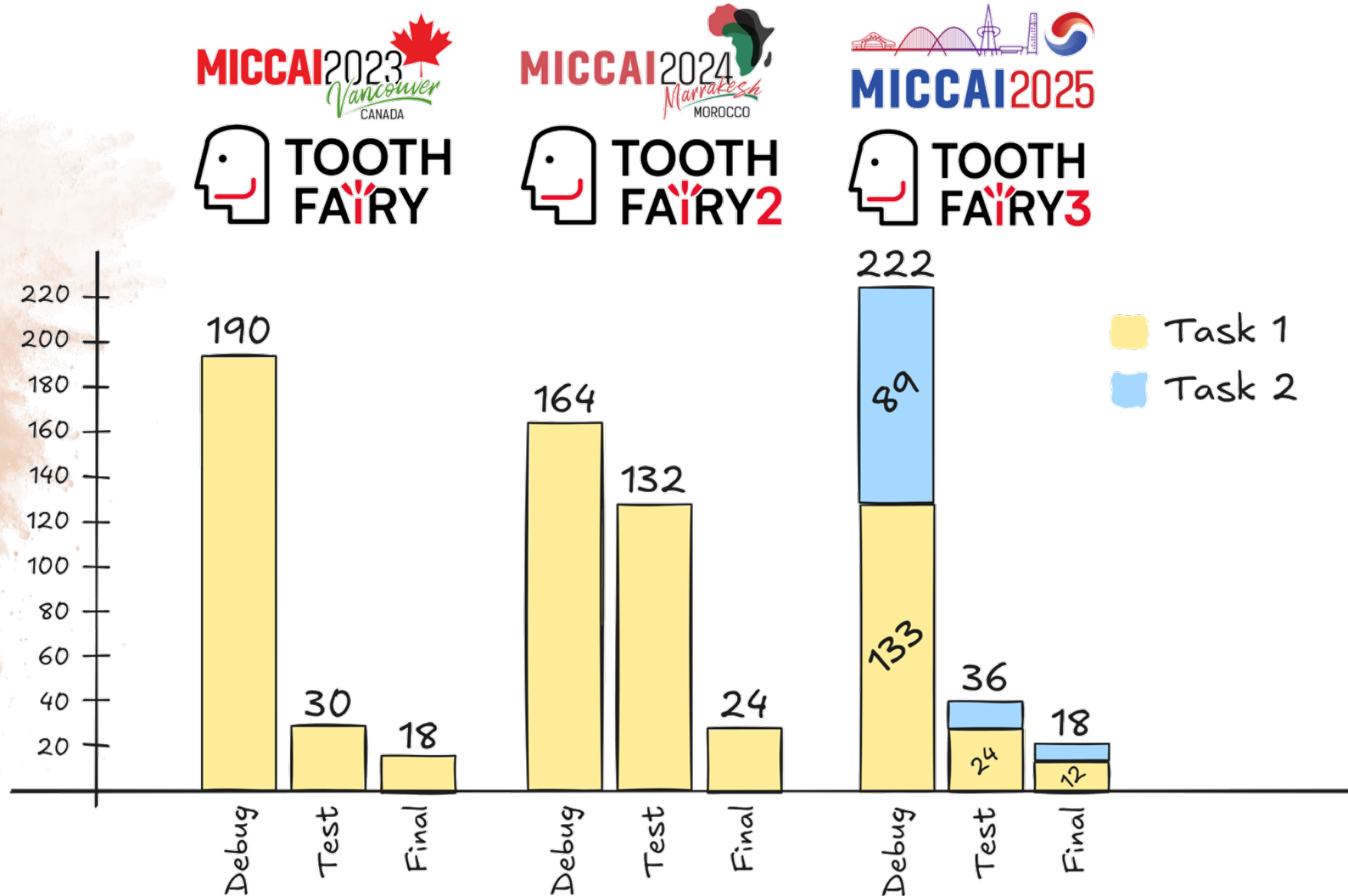
Debugging Phase: 89
Final Test Phase: 14

less

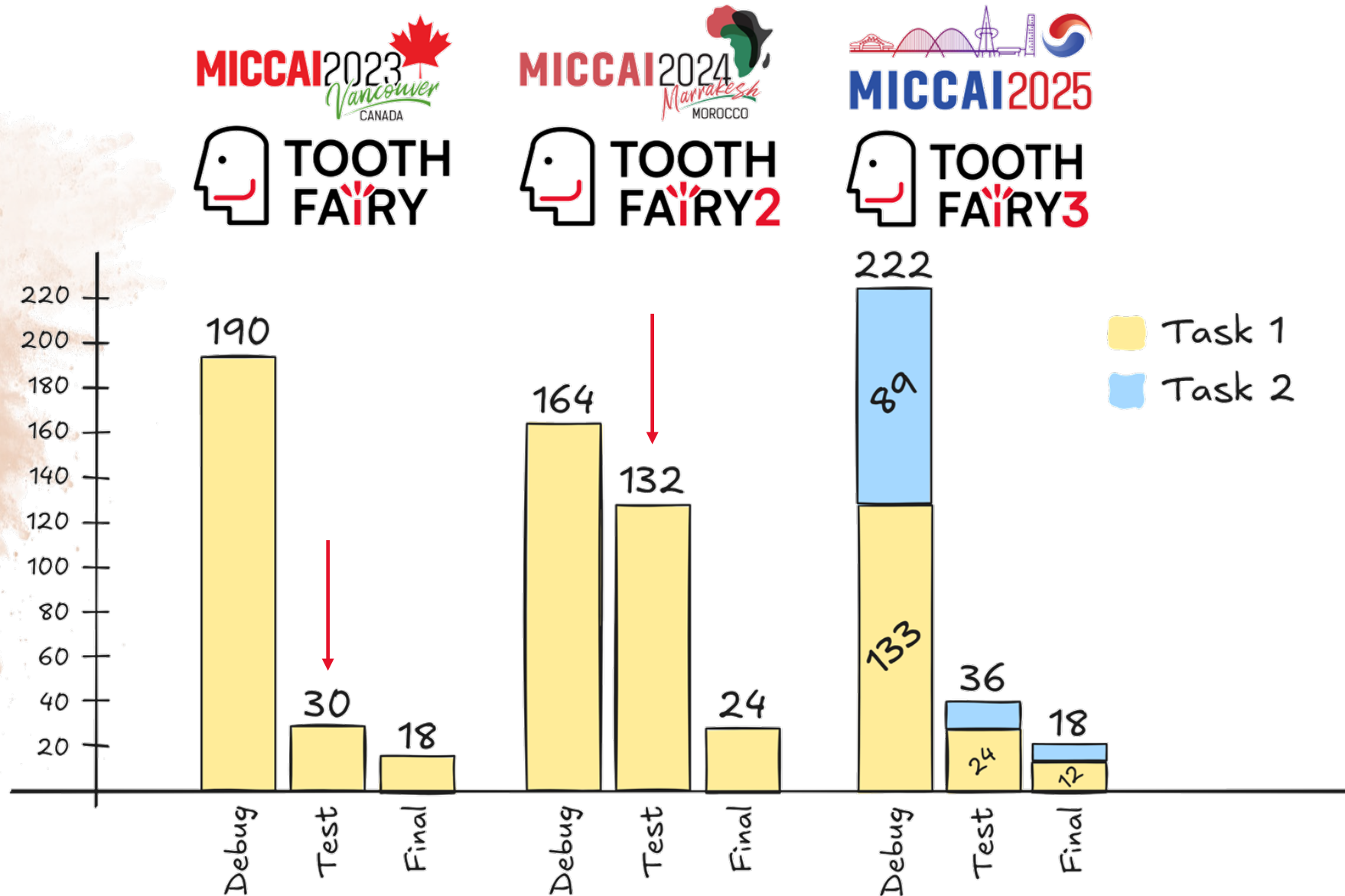
more



But with a decreasing trend ... 🙄



But with a decreasing trend ... 🙄



100



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Medical Image Analysis

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/media



ToothFairy3: Fast and Interactive Multi-class Segmentation in CBCT Volumes

Federico **Bolelli**^{a,1,2,*}, Luca **Lumetti**^{a,1,2}, Zdravko **Marinov**^{b,2}, Niels **van Nistelrooij**^{c,2}, Shankeeth **Vinayahalingam**^{c,2}, Mattia **Di Bartolomeo**^{a,2}, Kevin **Marchesini**^{a,2}, Vittorio **Pipoli**^a, Ettore **Candeloro**^a, Paolo **Minafra**^d, Torkan **Gholamalizadeh**^e, Laura **Montesdeoca Fenoy**^e, Natasha **Hallberg**^e, Zhi Qin **Tan**^f, Yunpeng **Li**^{f,g}, Xiatian **Zhu**^g, Changkai **Ji**^h, LiSheng **Wang**^h, Yusheng **Liu**^h, Fan **Xiao**ⁱ, Xinrui **Huang**^j, Xudong **Wang**ⁱ, Tomasz **Szczepański**^k, Szymon **Plotka**^k, Dominic **LaBella**^l, Esther **Yu**^l, Jared **Robbins**^l, Sunwoo **Pi**^m, Junhyeon **Sim**^m, Seungha **Noh**^m, Qingyu **Kuang**^{n,o}, Yu **Yao**^p, Bo **Wu**^q, Li **He**^r, Juhan **Lee**^s, Youngsun **Park**^t, Alexandre **Anesi**^{a,2}, Rainer **Stiefelhagen**^{b,2}, Costantino **Grana**^{a,2}

^aUniversity of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Department of Engineering “Enzo Ferrari”, Italy, Modena

^bKarlsruhe Institute of Technology, Department of Computer Science, Germany, Karlsruhe

^cRadboud University Medical Center, Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, the Netherlands, Nijmegen

^dAffidea, Italy

^e3Shape A/S, Italy

^fKing’s College London, Centre for Oral Clinical & Translational Sciences, United Kingdom, London

^gUniversity of Surrey, Surrey Institute for People-Centred AI, United Kingdom, Guildford

^hShanghai Jiao Tong University, School of Automation and Intelligence, China, Shanghai

ⁱNinth People’s Hospital Shanghai Jiao Tong University School of Medicine, Department of Oral and Craniomaxillofacial Surgery, China, Shanghai

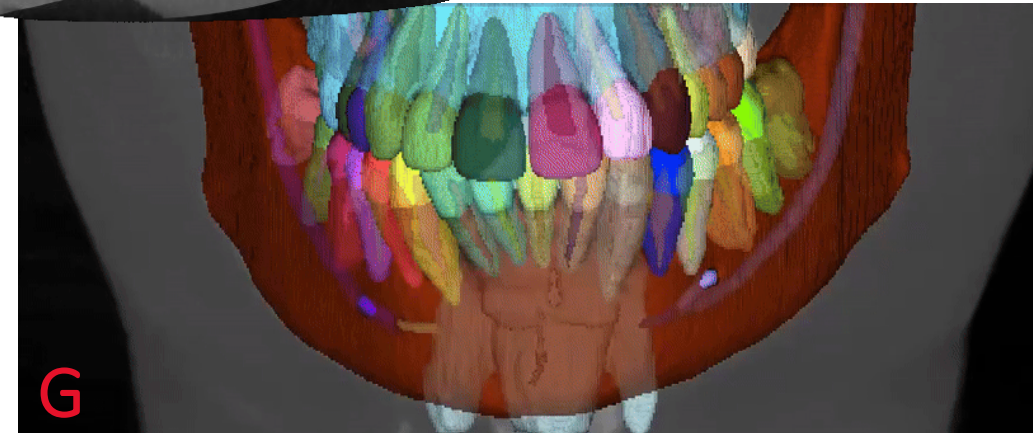
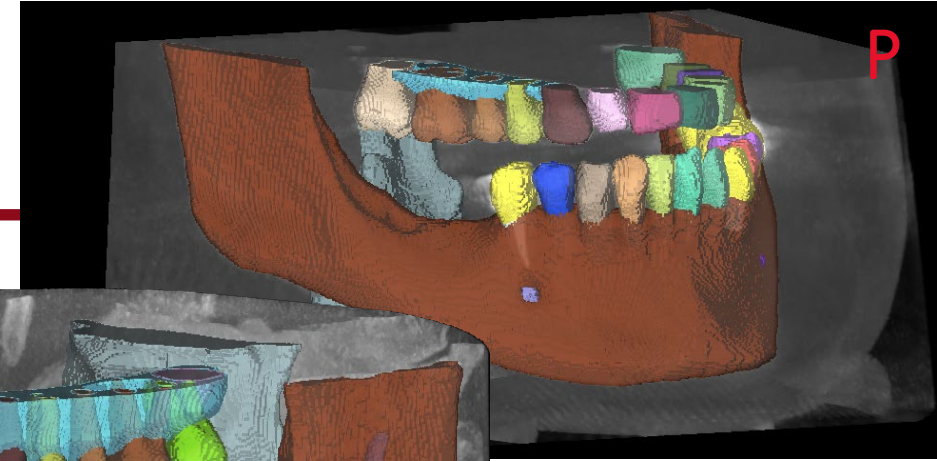
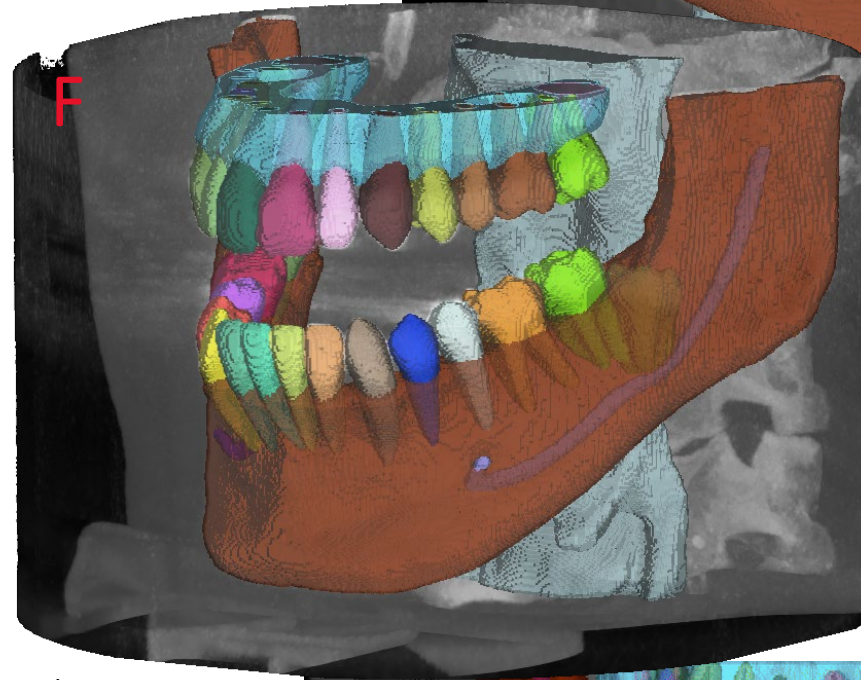
^jShanghai Jiao Tong University, School of Electronic Information and Electrical Engineering, China, Shanghai

^kSano Centre for Computational Personalized Medicine, Medical Imaging and Robotics, Poland, Cracow

^lDuke University Medical Center, Department of Radiation Oncology, USA, Durham

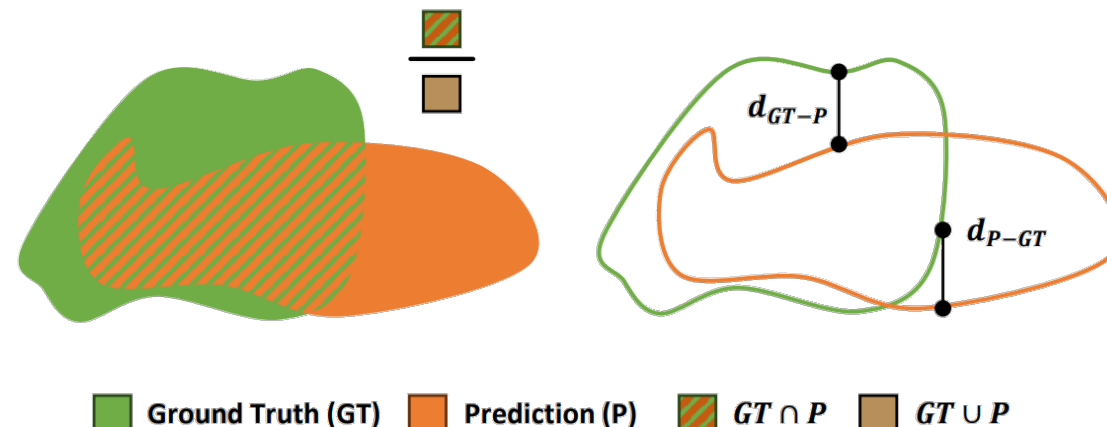
Dataset

- Extension of the ToothFairy2 Dataset:
 - 🦴 52 more volumes;
 - 📈 35 more classes;
 - 📦 3D annotations on all volumes;
- 532 CBCTs for **training**, 50 **test** volumes from two external institutions;
- 77 labeled **classes** (42 on GC) + **clicks**;
- Challenges:
 - 🖥️ Large **number of classes** (VRAM requirements);
 - ⚖️ Non-uniform **class distribution** and **missing classes**;
 - 📦 Considerable **difference in label sizes**;
 - 🔄 **Varying field of view** (P, F and C cases);
 - 🕒 Inference time as a major **constraints**.



Task 1 - Metrics & Ranking

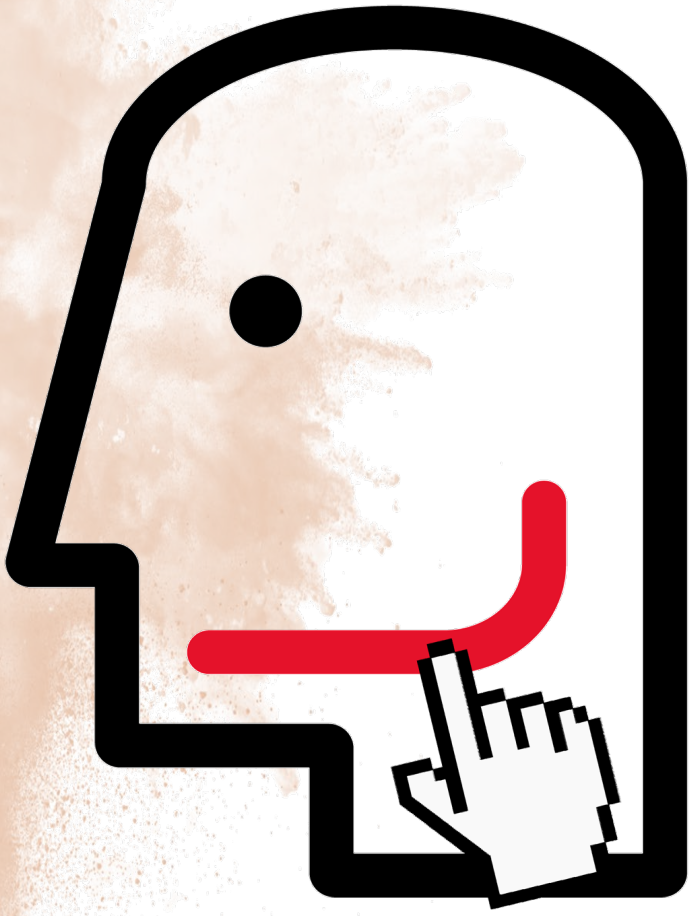
1. For each class and for each volume, calculate the **Dice score (DSC)** and the **HD95**. Measure also the **inference time (Time)** and the **maximum used memory (Mem)**;
2. **Average** the DSC and the HD95 **for each class across all volumes** and compute the **average Time** across **all volumes**.
3. **Rank all** the DSC, HD95, Time, and maximum used memory **independently** (93 rankings);
4. **Average the rankings** obtained at point 3 for each DSC, HD95, and Time to produce the final rank. Average Time is **weighted as much as the number of classes included in the dataset** to balance its importance with respect to the other metrics;
5. If two or more final ranks obtained at point 4 are equal, **Mem will be used to break ties**;
6. If two or more ranks are still equal, it is a tie: the prize will be evenly split.



Task 2 - The Interactive Segmentation Initiative

Task 2: **Interactive** Segmentation of Inferior Alveolar Canal:

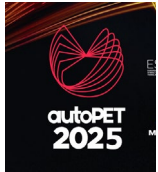
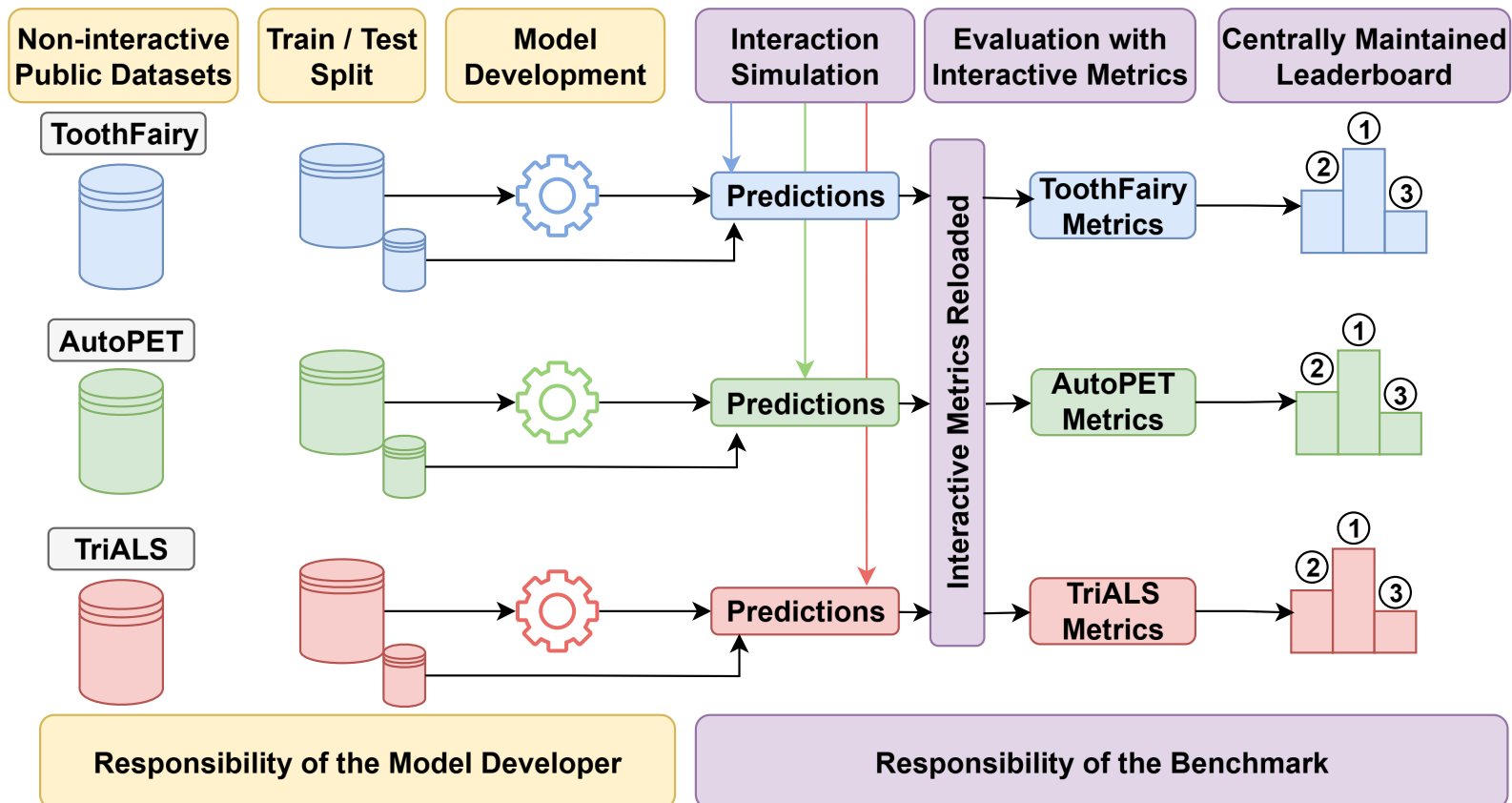
- Novel task since 2025 (MICCAI + CVPR)
- Use human clicks to help the model



The Interactive Segmentation Initiative

How it all started...

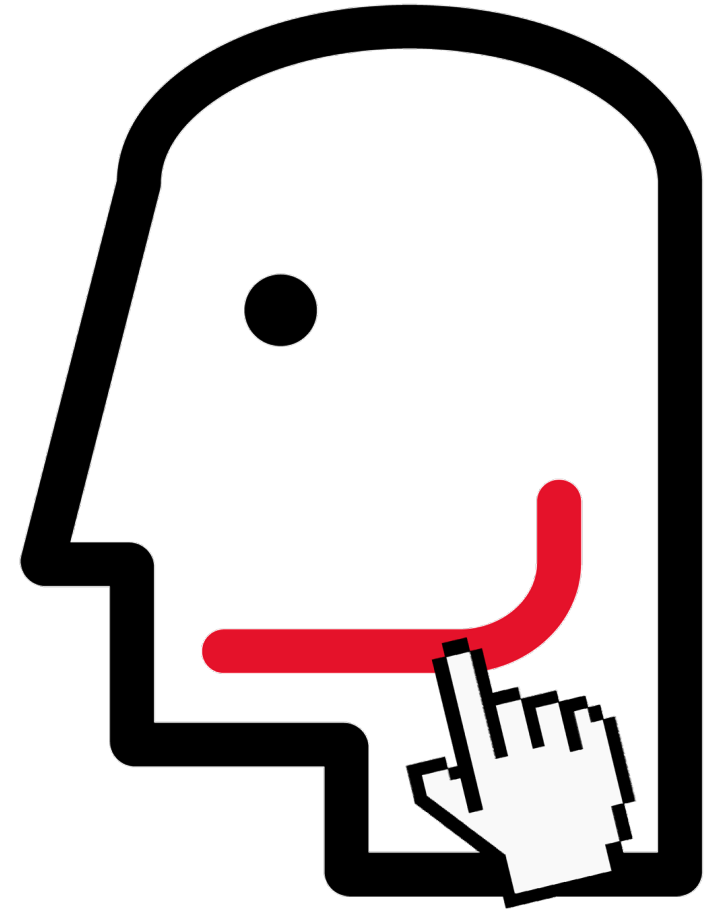
Towards Interactive Benchmarks using Public Datasets



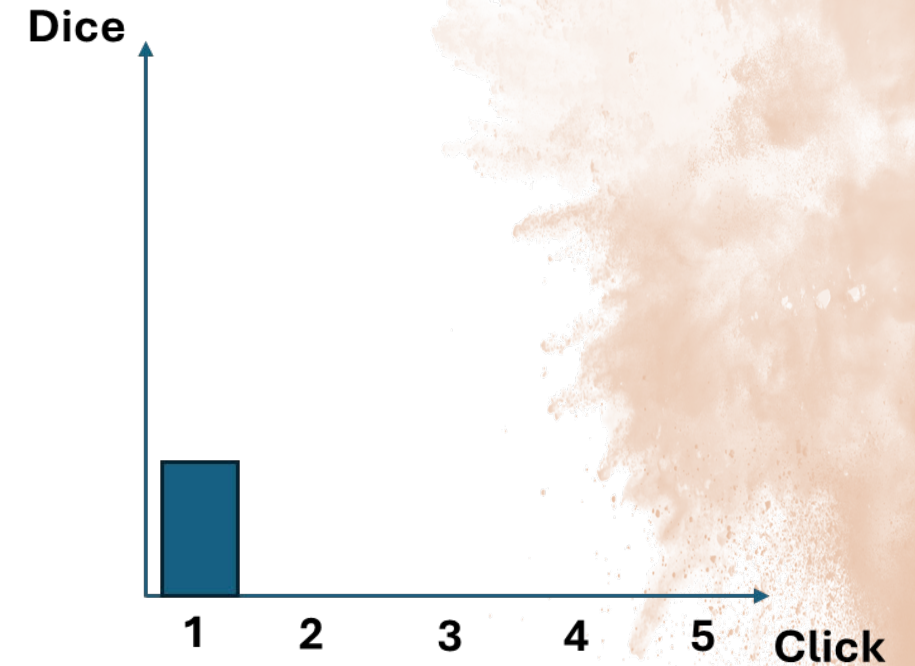
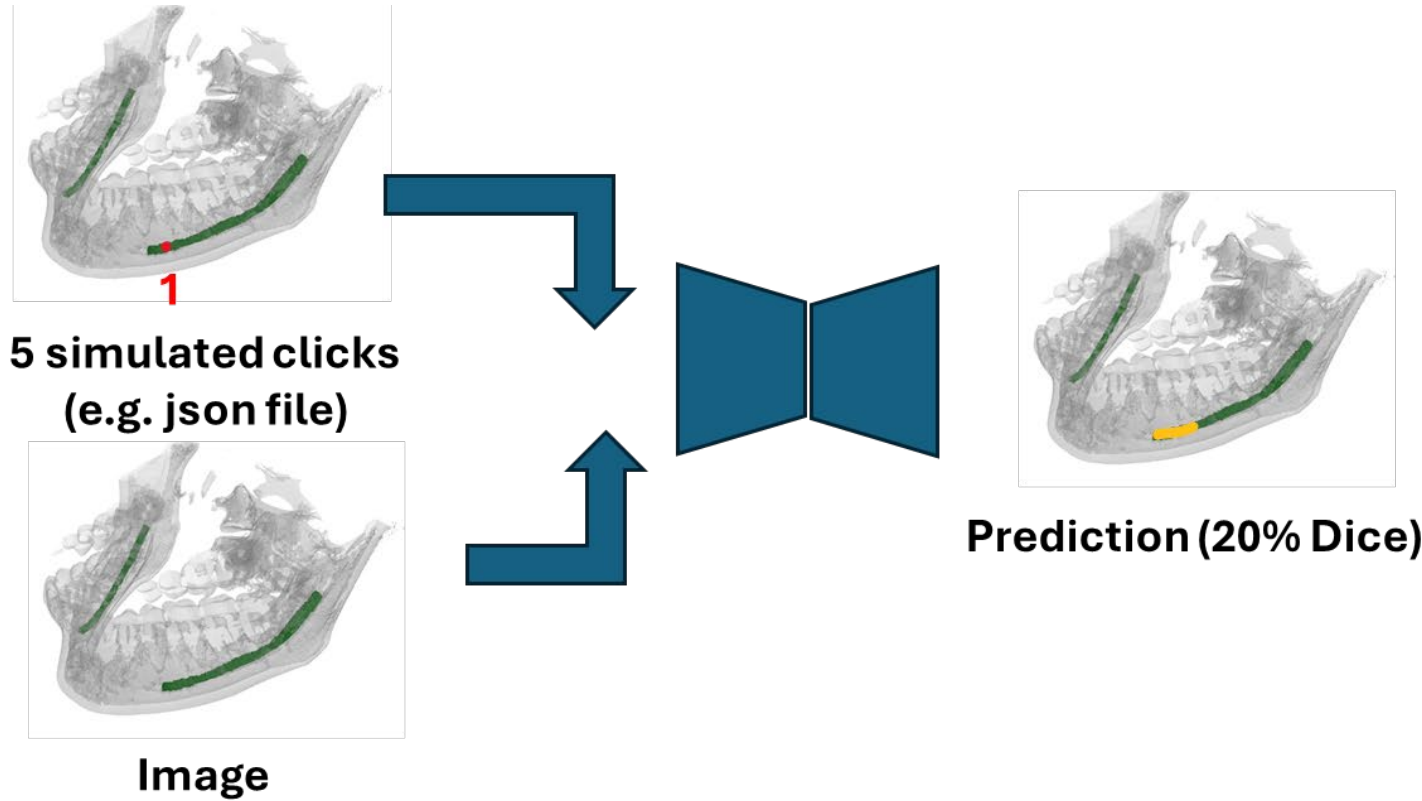
Why interactions?

Reasons for using interactive segmentation models:

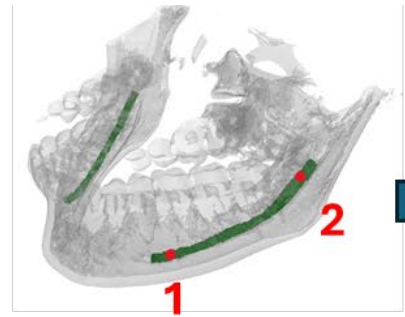
- Click-based annotation tools
- Bridge the gap for difficult tasks
 - Clicks encode expert knowledge
- Make models more trustworthy and reliable
 - Implicit quality control → User continuously corrects model's mistakes



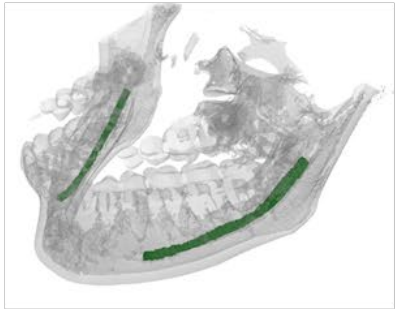
Why interactions?



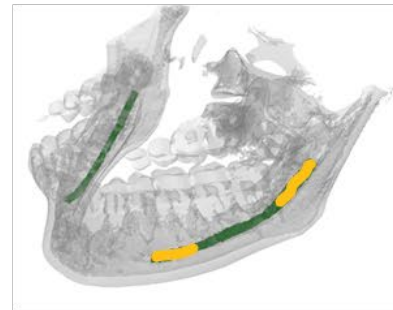
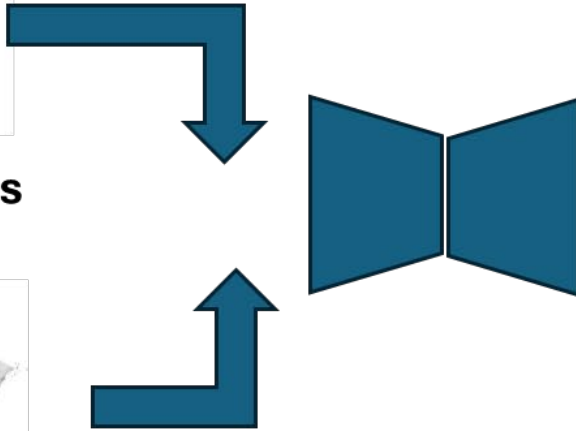
Why interactions?



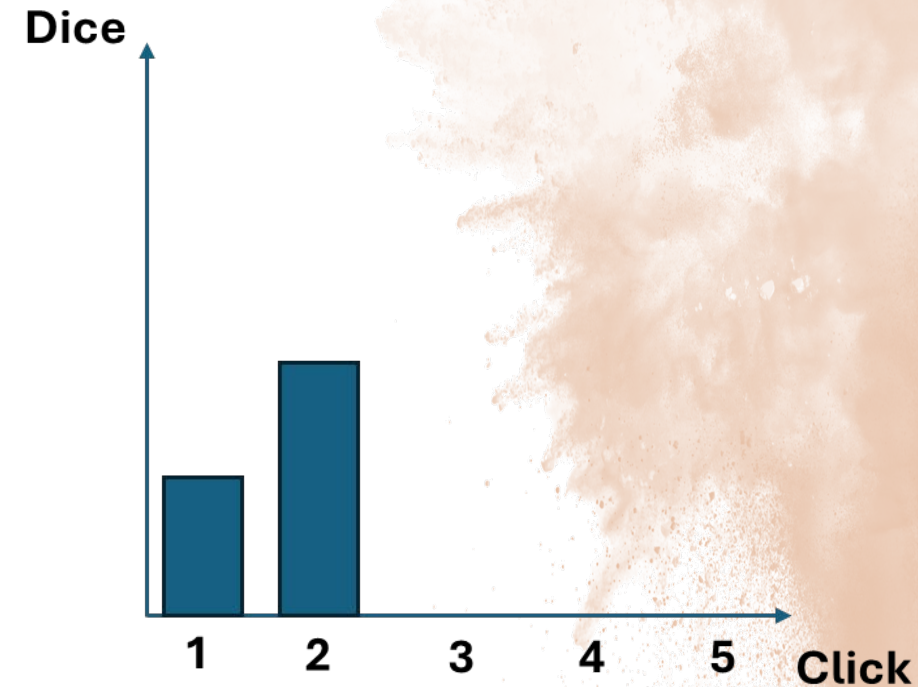
5 simulated clicks
(e.g. json file)



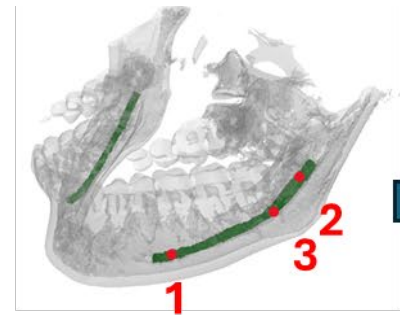
Image



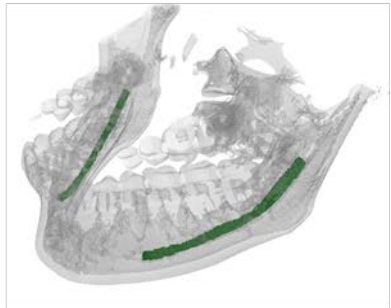
Prediction (30% Dice)



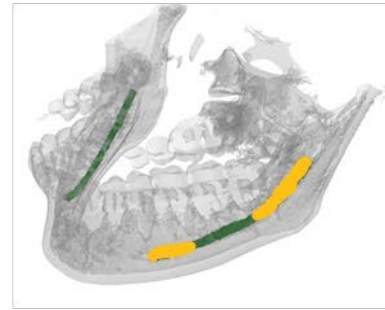
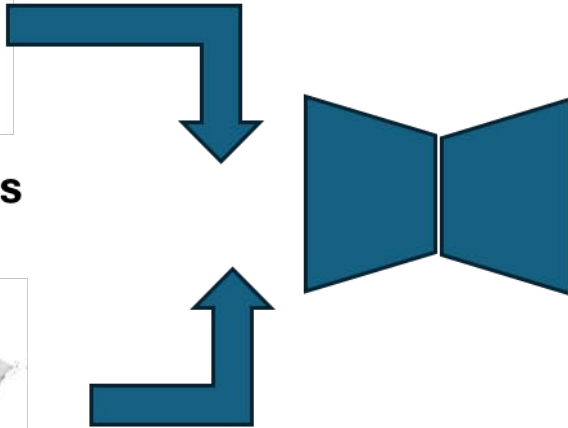
Why interactions?



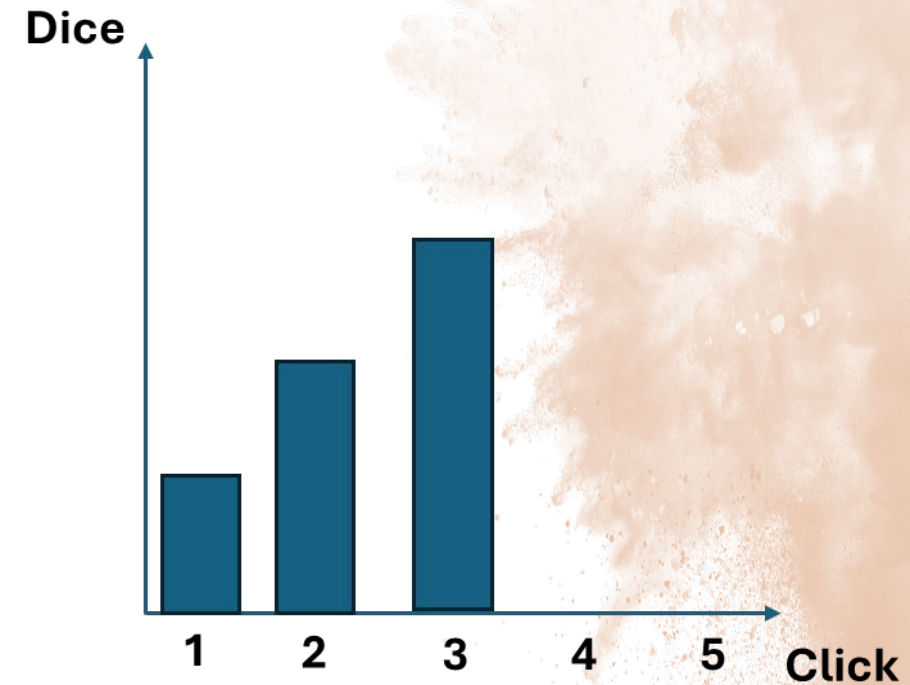
5 simulated clicks
(e.g. json file)



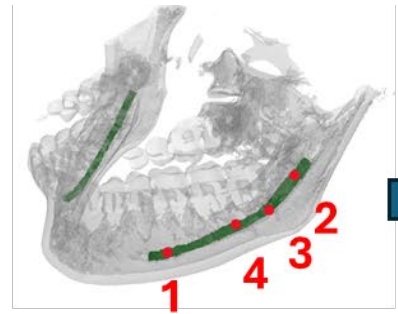
Image



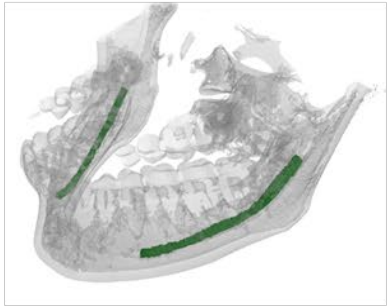
Prediction (50% Dice)



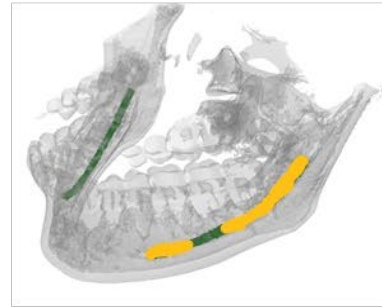
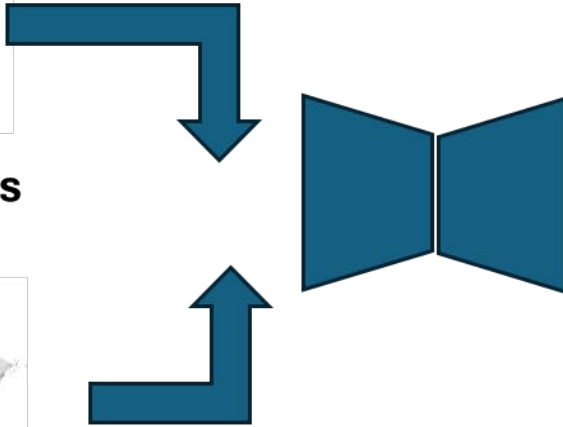
Why interactions?



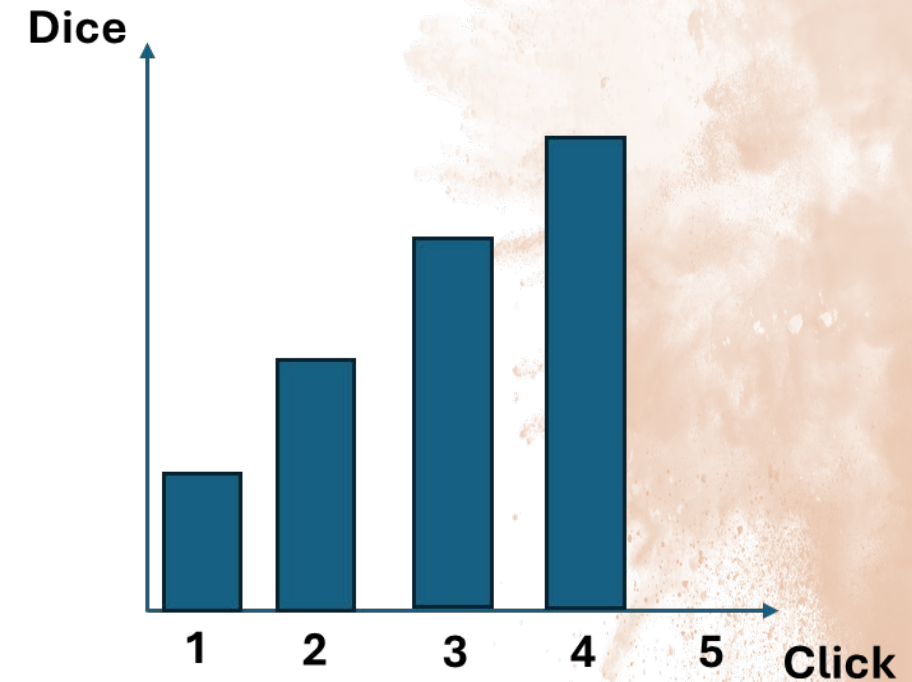
5 simulated clicks
(e.g. json file)



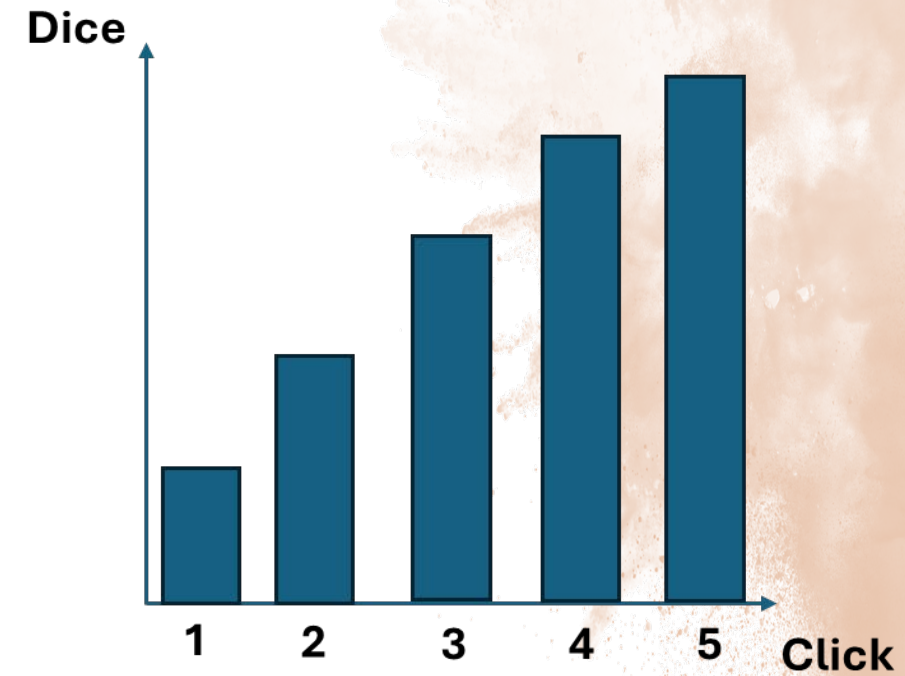
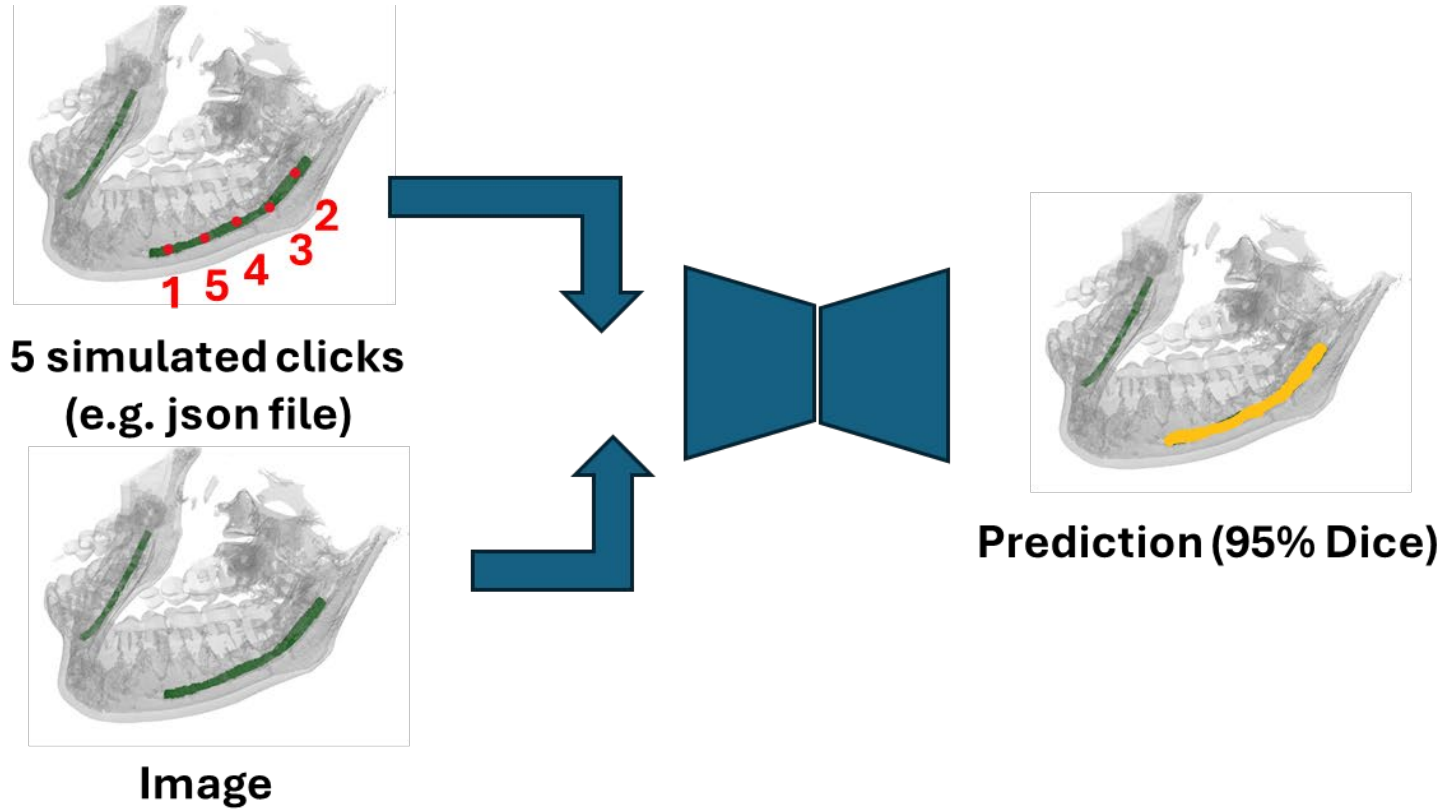
Image



Prediction (70% Dice)



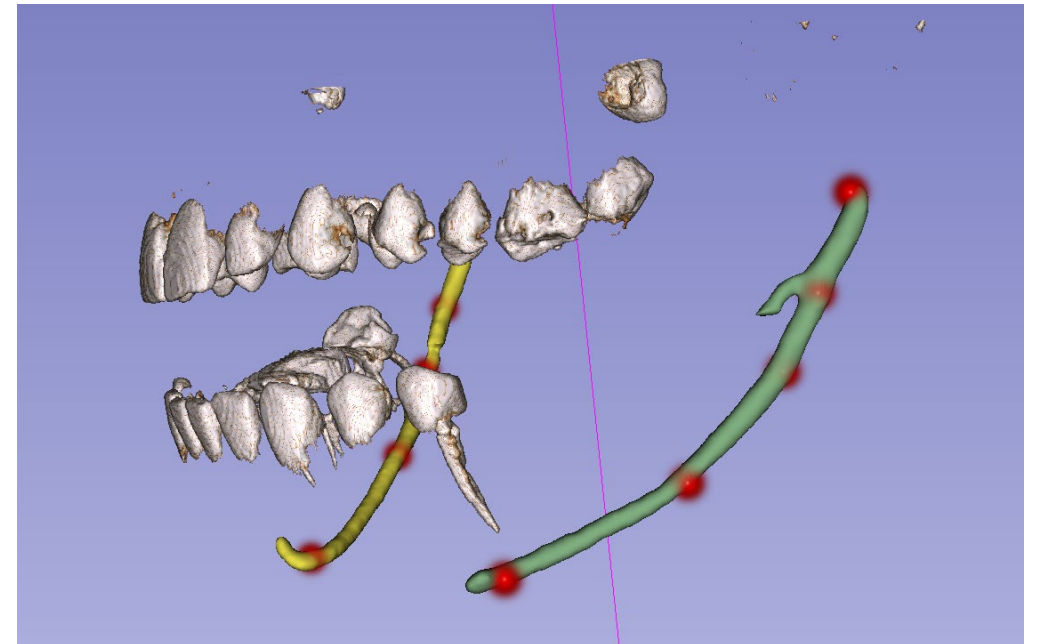
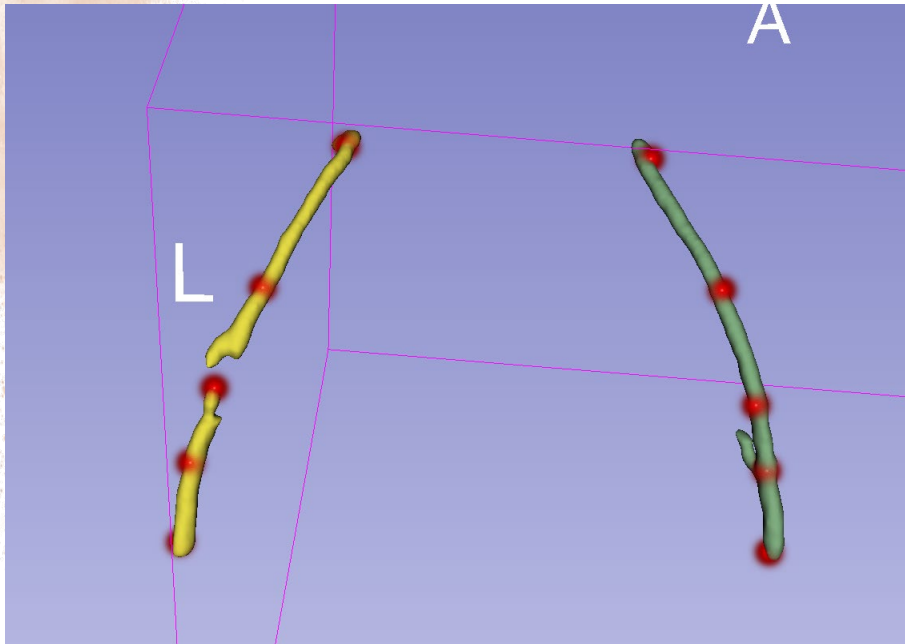
Why interactions?



Clicks simulation

Simulation method is the same for all volumes

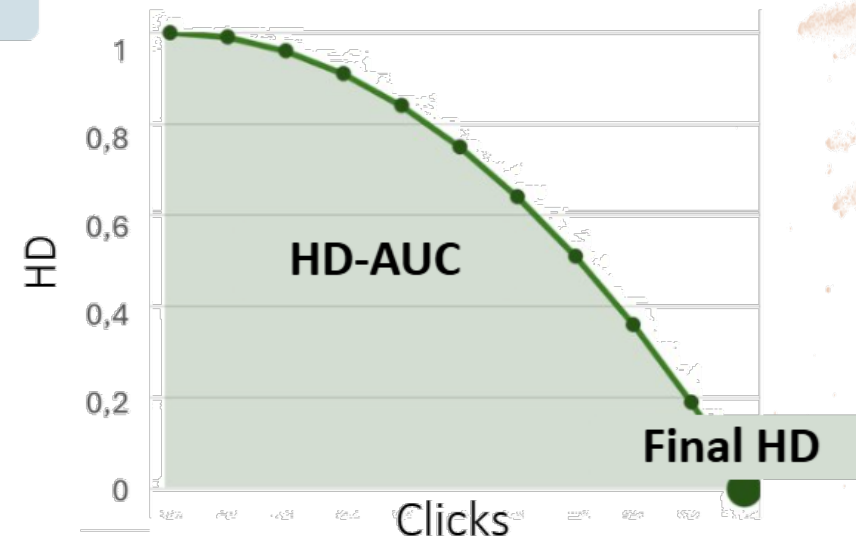
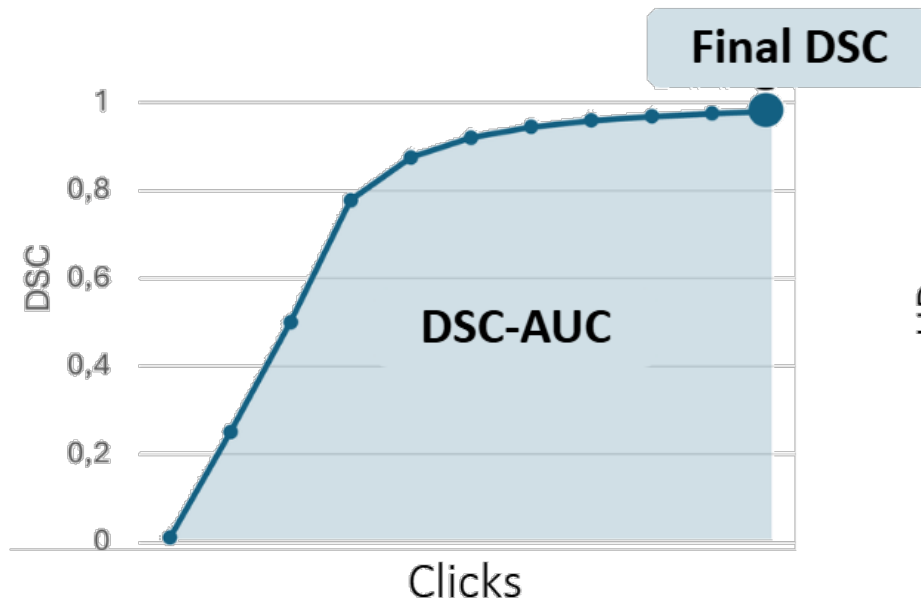
- **Aim:** method can later be used as an annotation protocol
- Approach:
 - First / last click is always 0-5 voxels from the first / last axial slice of the IAC
 - The other 3 clicks are placed (almost) uniformly across the middle axial slices
 - Each of the 5 clicks is placed in the center of the mask in the slice + small perturbation
- All participants receive the **same clicks** → fair evaluation



Interactive Metrics

Use same metrics as Task 1, but extend them to be interactive!

- Additionally:
 - Inference time
 - Maximum memory (only for tie breakers)



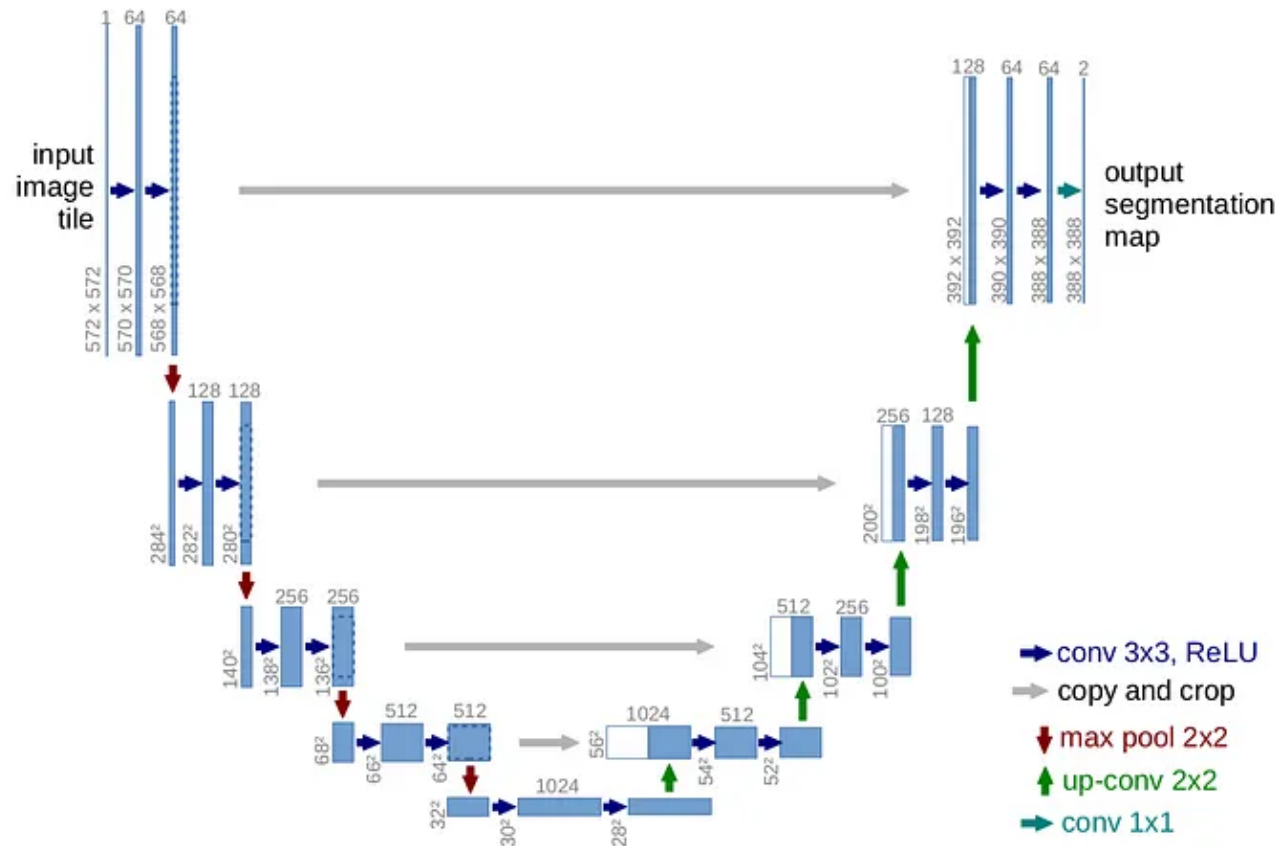
Task 2 - Ranking

1. **For each branch** of the IAC (left and right) **and** for each **volume**, calculate the four metrics:
 - a) DSC@FinalClick;
 - b) HD95@FinalClick;
 - c) DSC-to-Click AUC, for a fixed number of 5 interaction steps;
 - d) HD95-to-Click AUC, for a fixed number of 5 interaction steps;

The result is 4 metrics * 2 IAC branches, 8 scores in total. Measure also:

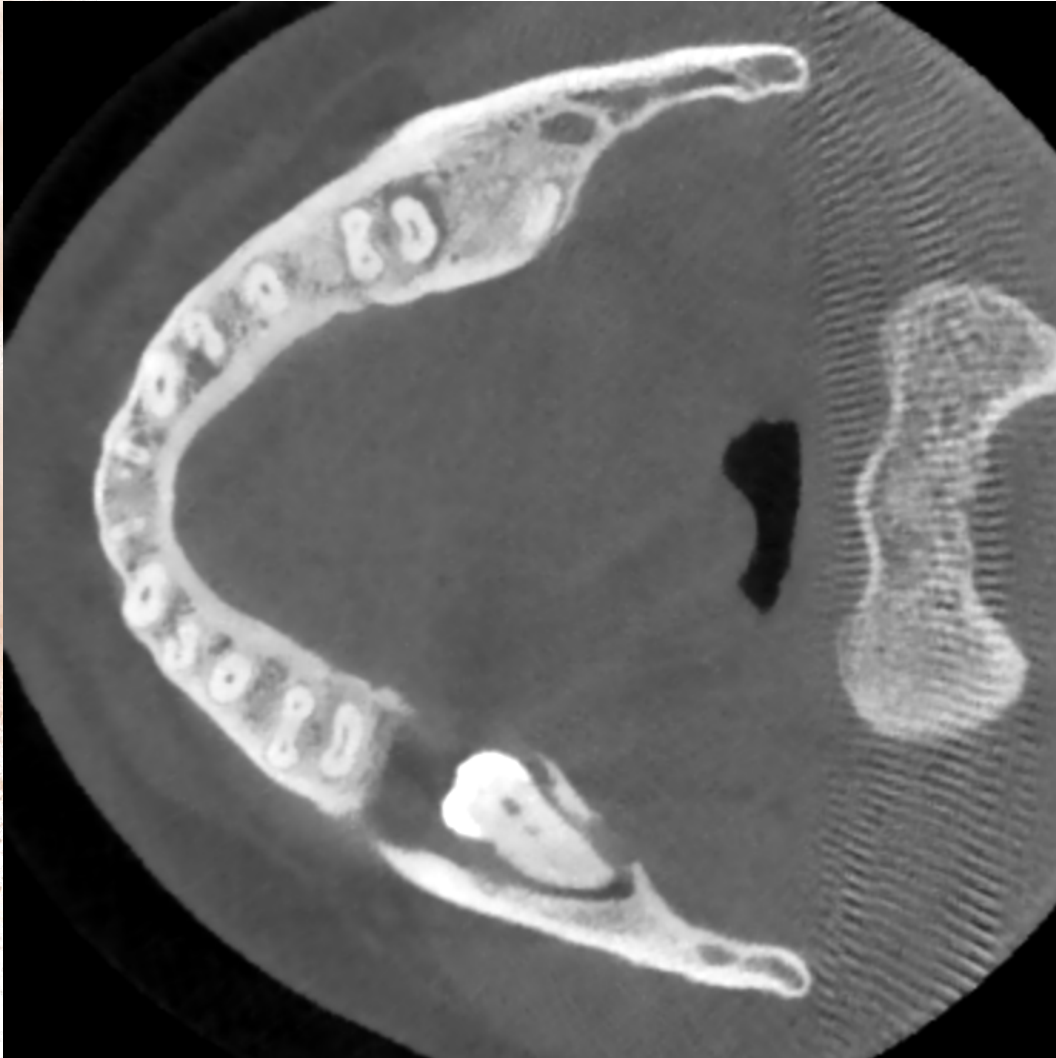
- e) average inference time of the five interaction steps (Time);
 - f) and (f) maximum used memory (Mem), for all cases;
2. **Average DSC- and HD95-based metrics for each IAC branch across all volumes.**
3. **Rank** all ten metrics independently;
4. **Average the eight rankings** obtained **at point 3** for each DSC- and HD95-based metric **and the rankings obtained for Time** to produce the final rank (9 rankings in total);
5. If two or more final ranks obtained at point 4 are equal, use the **Mem ranking to break ties**;
6. If two or more ranks are still equal, it is a tie: the prize will be evenly split.

Submitted Algorithms



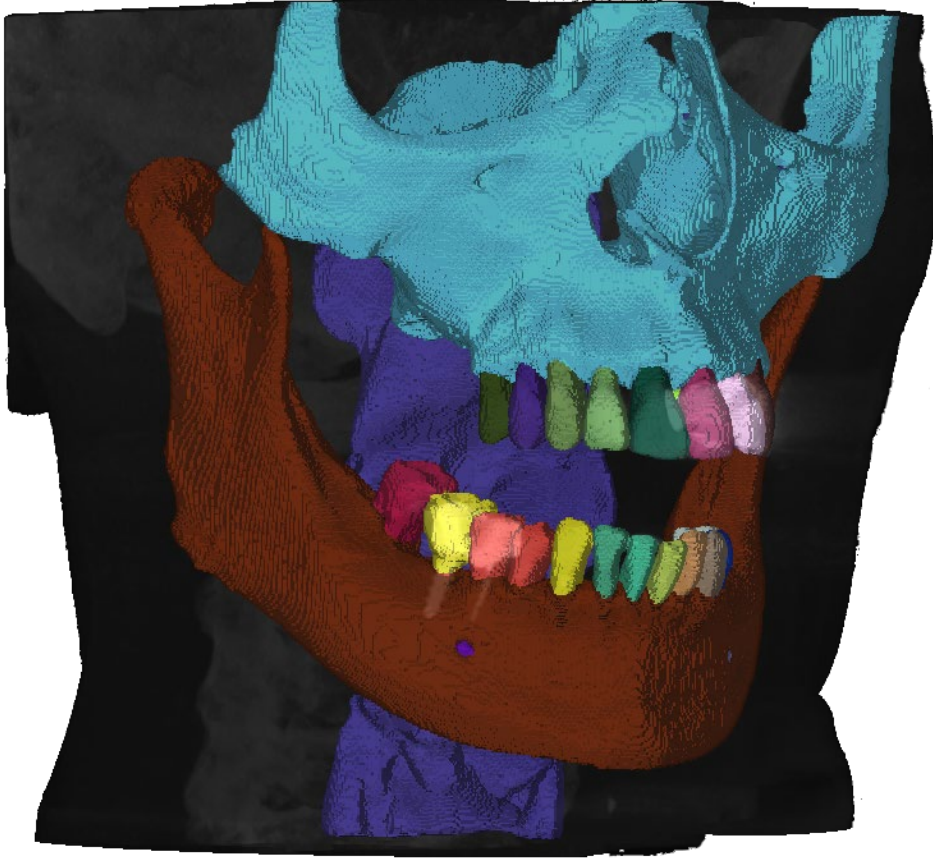
- Many participants used **Unet** with the **nnUnet** Framework;
- Approaches integrating **Mamba** placed in the top section of the final ranking;
- **3D SegResNet** has been employed as well;
- **nnInteractive** and **VISTA** for the interactive task;

Submitted Algorithms



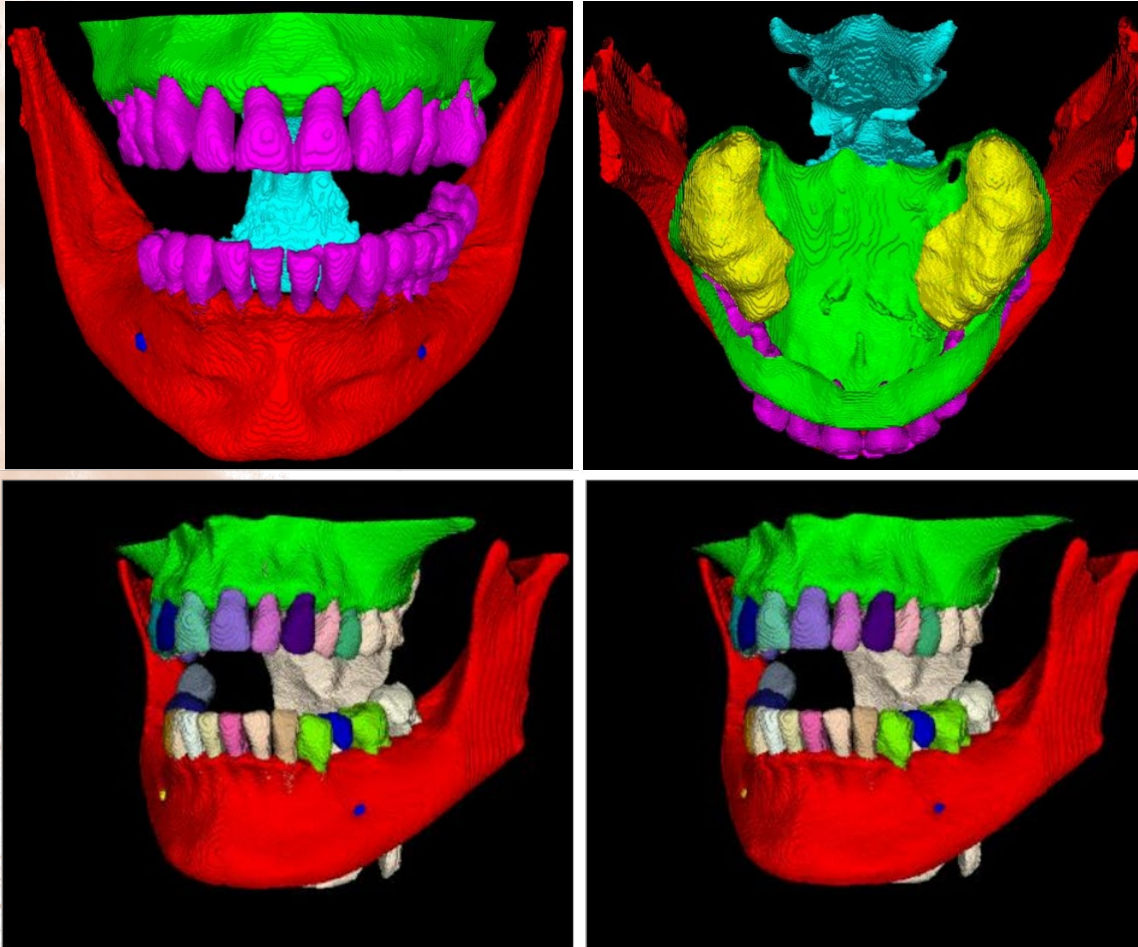
- Many participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of **augmentations** but almost no augmentation at test time;

Submitted Algorithms



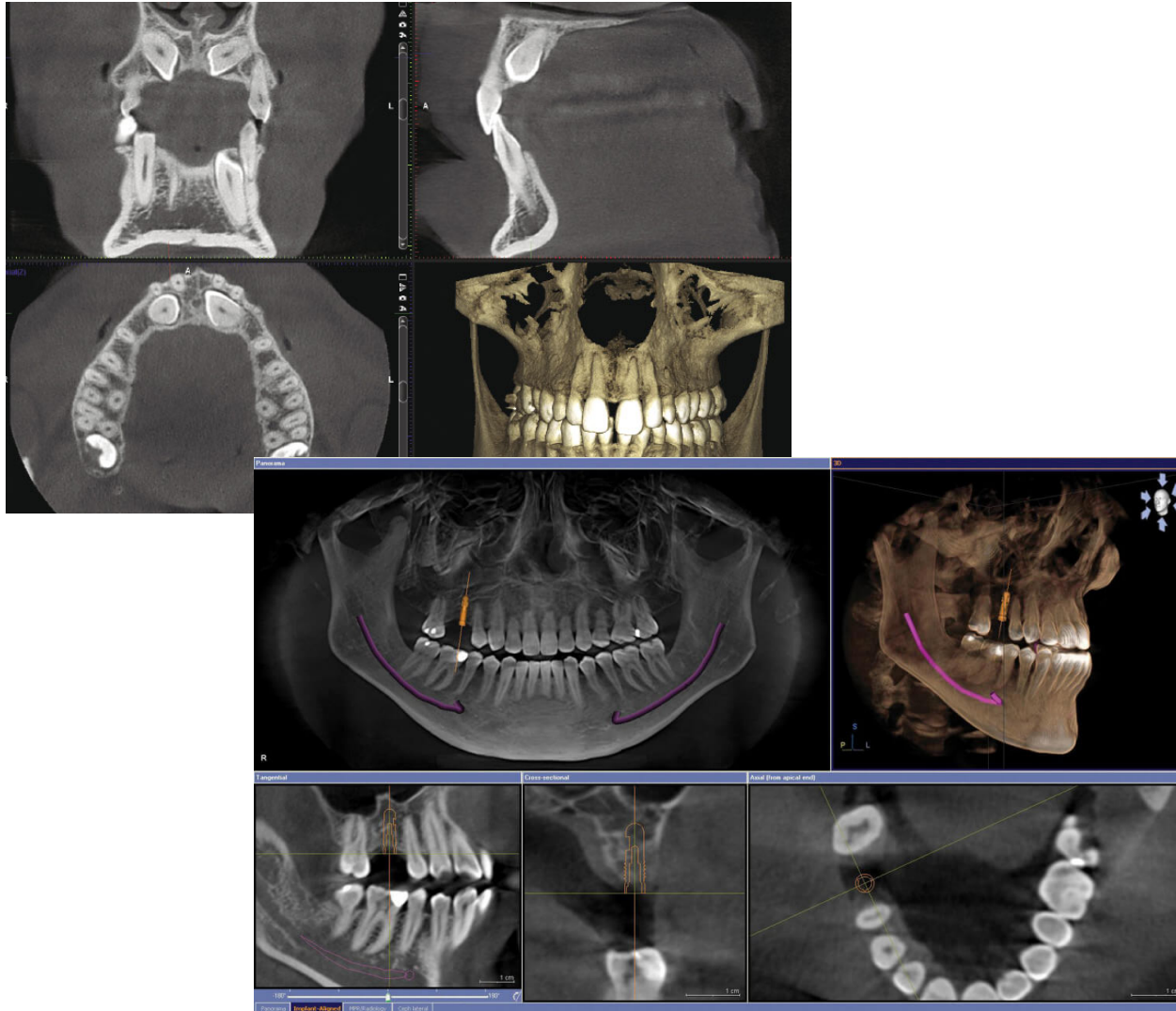
- Many participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of augmentations;
- **Some** have preprocessed the dataset by **removing training samples**, others have included **only completely labeled sets** in the training;

Submitted Algorithms



- Many participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of augmentations;
- Some have preprocessed the dataset by removing training samples, others have included only completely labeled sets in the training;
- Some employed a **multi-stage approach**;

Submitted Algorithms



- Many participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of augmentations;
- Some have preprocessed the dataset by removing training samples, others have included only completely labeled sets in the training;
- Some employed a multi-stage approach;
- As far as we know, **only** one employed external data from the STSR challenge;

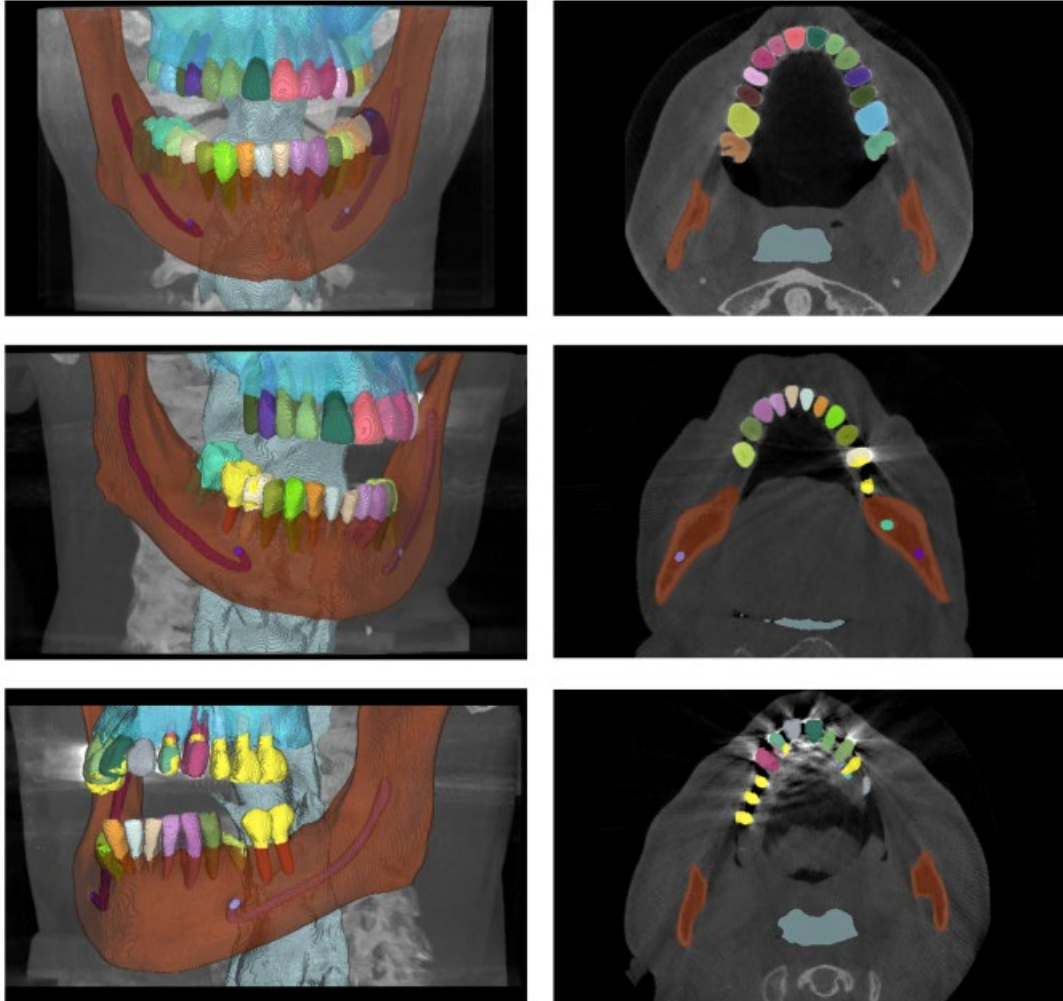
Submitted Algorithms

$$\text{Dice Loss} = 1 - \frac{2 \cdot \sum_i^N (p_i \cdot g_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^N (p_i + g_i)}$$

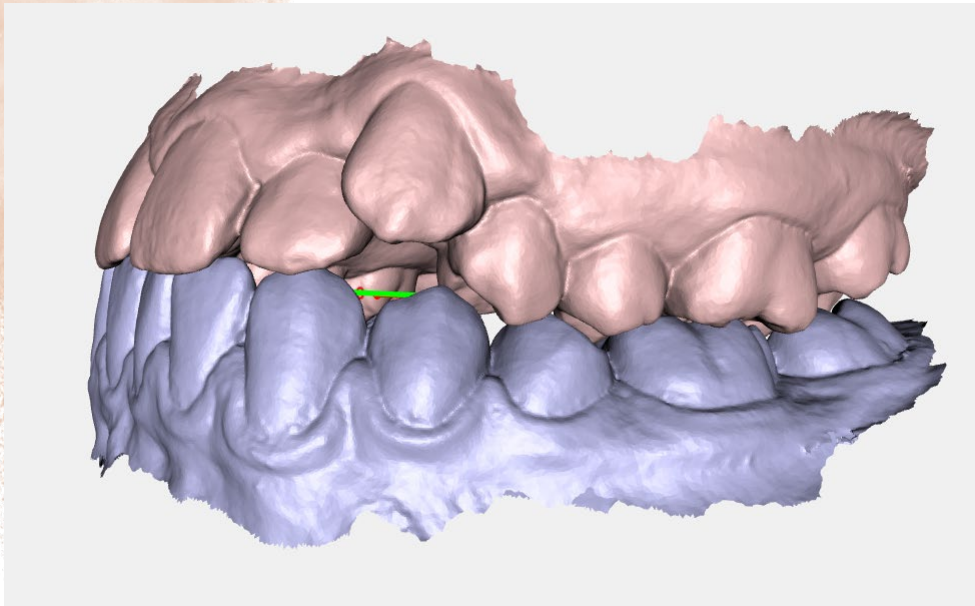
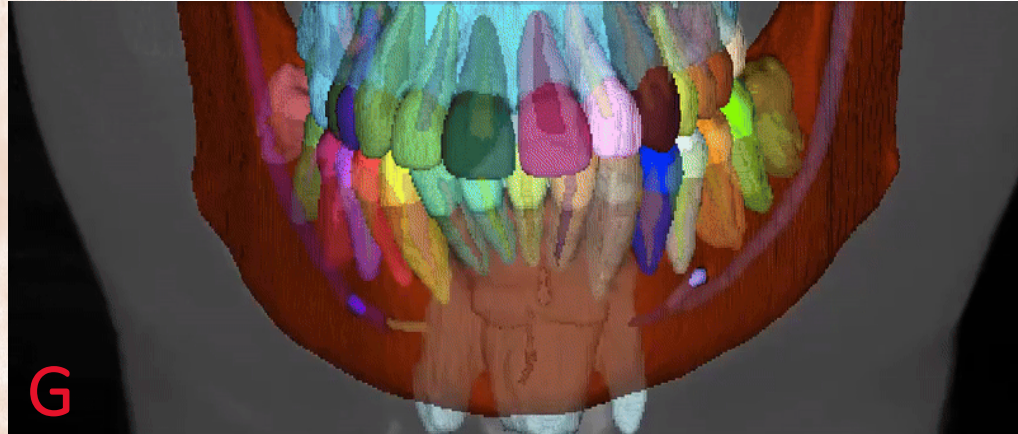
$$\text{CE Loss} = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N [y_i \cdot \log(p_i) + (1 - y_i) \cdot \log(1 - p_i)]$$

- Many participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of augmentations;
- Some have preprocessed the dataset by removing training samples, others have included only completely labeled sets in the training;
- Some employed a multi-stage approach;
- As far as we know, only one employed external data from the STSR challenge;
- Most stuck on a **combination** of **Dice** and **Cross-entropy** loss;

Submitted Algorithms



- Most of the participants used Unet with the nnUnet Framework;
- Moderate use of augmentations;
- Some have preprocessed the dataset by removing training samples;
- Some employed a multi-stage approach;
- Some have preprocessed the dataset by removing training samples, others have included only completely labeled sets in the training;
- Some employed a multi-stage approach;
- As far as we know, only one employed external data from the STSR challenge;
- Many have designed solutions to **filter output predictions**;
- The used of **ensemble** has been reduced;



Sponsor



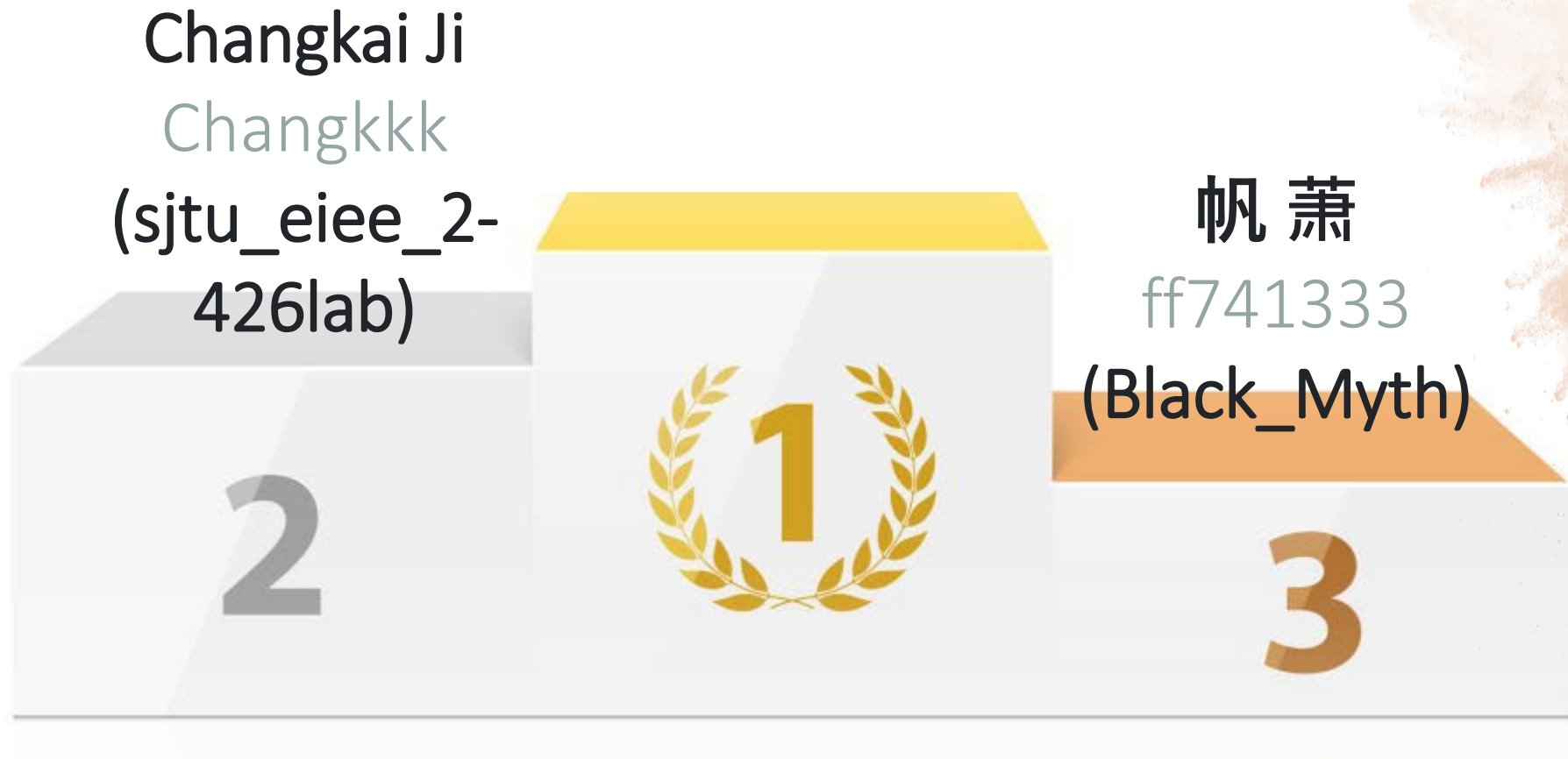
Task 1 – Top Scorers!



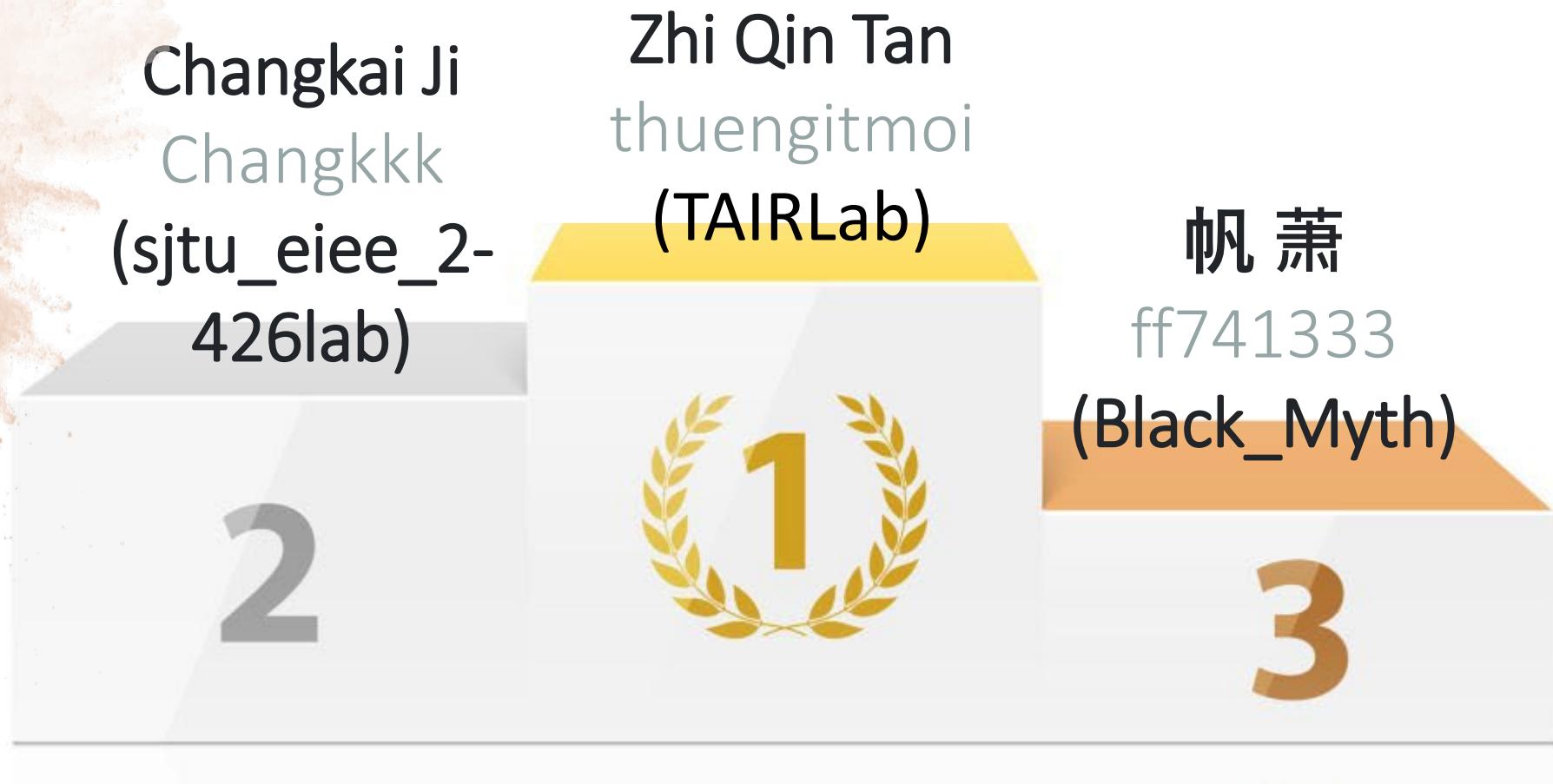
Task 1 – Top Scorers!






Task 1 – Top Scorers!



Task 1 – Top Scorers!



Final Results

TAIR-Lab 	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	40,58	0,84	2,4	38,17	3,0	3,1
sjtu_eiee_2-426lab 	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	17,46	0,77	4,9	94,77	5,3	3,7
Black_Myth 	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	90,04	0,85	2,0	33,23	2,3	3,8
SMIR	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	30,30	0,76	4,9	96,40	5,3	4,1
DLaBella29	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	74,38	0,78	5,0	43,20	3,4	4,5
KiRyum_Prince	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	97,68	0,82	3,2	50,32	3,7	5,0
gagaha	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	38,42	0,58	6,9	125,10	6,7	5,5
medlab	Runtime(s)	Dice	Dice Rank	HD95	HD95 Rank	Rank
Aggregated	79,54	0,47	7,3	138,68	7,0	6,8

Task 2 – Top Scorers!



Task 2 – Top Scorers!



Task 2 – Top Scorers!

帆 箫

ff741333

(Black_Myth)

2



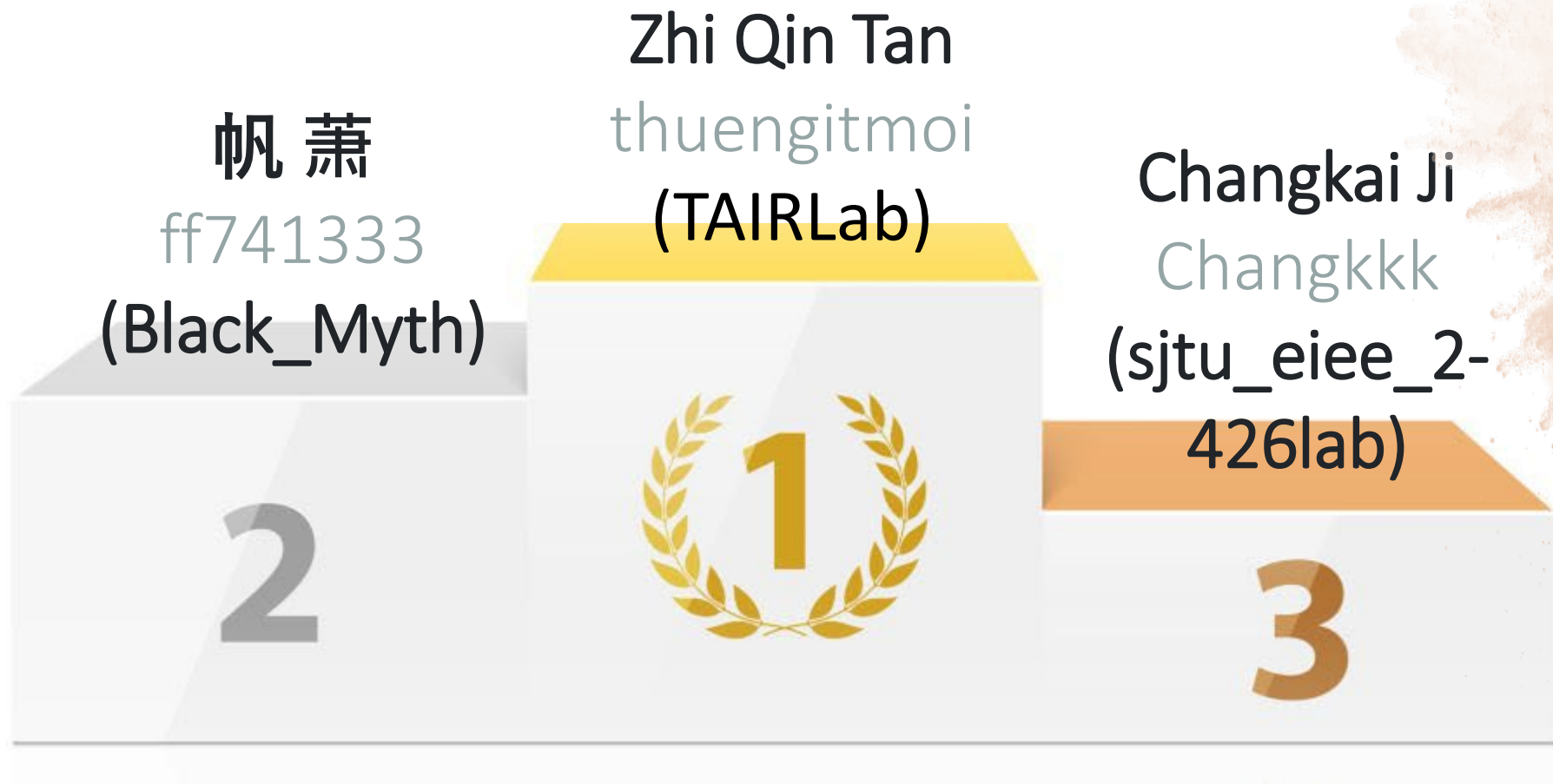
Changkai Ji

Changkkk




(sjtu_eiee_2-
426lab)

3

Task 2 – Top Scorers!



Final Results

TAIR Lab 	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	100,64	4,34	0,87	4,31	0,86	11,29	2,26	10,2	2,04	
Rank	4	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	1.66
BlackMyth 	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	168,42	4,3	0,86	4,32	0,87	15,05	2,54	14,55	2,03	
Rank	6	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2.11
changkkk 	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	16,09	3,79	0,76	3,83	0,77	201,75	40,35	131,42	26,28	
Rank	1	3	3	3	3	4	5	4	5	3.44
DLaBella	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	152,02	2,98	0,75	2,97	0,74	19,27	4,82	17,82	4,45	
Rank	5	5	4	5	4	3	3	3	3	3.88
gagaha	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	26,09	2,64	0,68	2,63	0,7	585,8	11,93	588,75	9,63	
Rank	2	6	5	6	5	6	4	6	4	4.88
ATTIAC	Runtime(s)	Dice_L IAC_AUC	Dice_L IAC_Final	Dice_R IAC_AUC	Dice_R IAC_Final	HD95_L IAC_AUC	HD95_L IAC_Final	HD95_R IAC_AUC	HD95_R IAC_Final	Rank
Aggregated	83,41	3,18	0,64	3,18	0,64	536,33	107,25	580,63	116,13	
Rank	3	4	6	4	6	5	6	5	6	5