



UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA



Confidence Calibration for Deep Renal Biopsy Immunofluorescence Image Classification



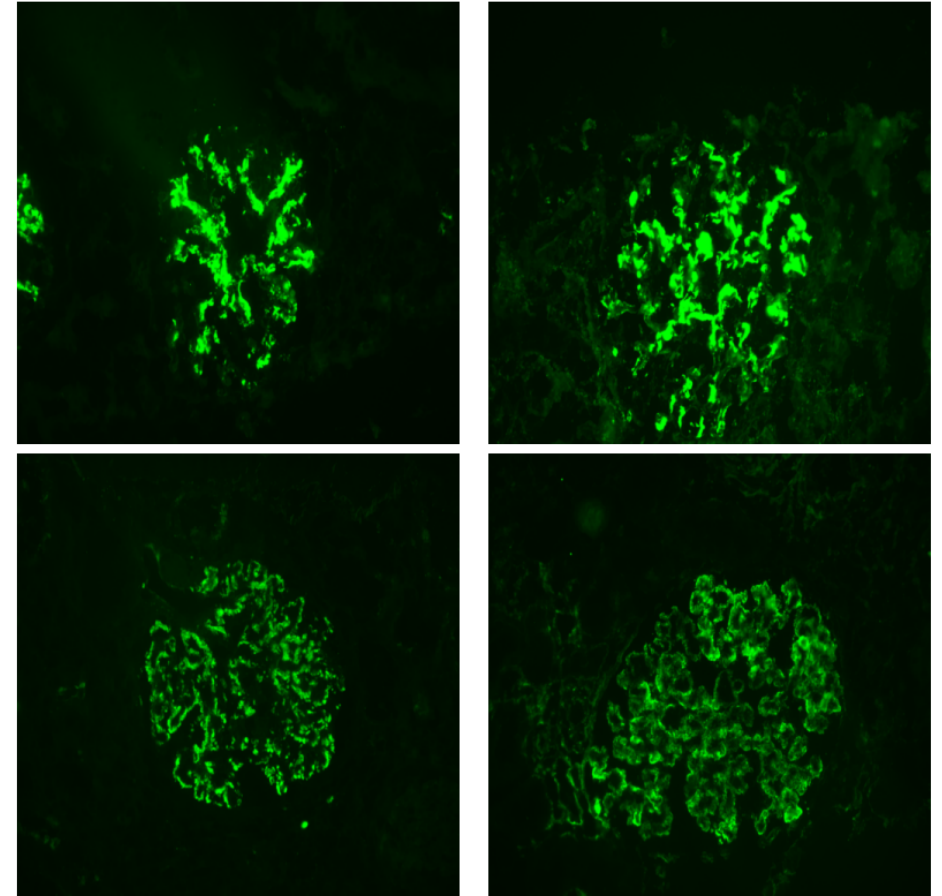
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Immunofluorescence in Renal Biopsy

- **Immunofluorescence** is a powerful technique for light microscopy that makes use of fluorescent-labeled antibodies
- It can be used for renal diseases diagnosis
- Pattern of antibody deposits require strong expertise to be analyzed
- This work focuses on using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) for the automatic identification of two deposit patterns:
 - I. Mesangial - *top row*
 - II. Parietal - *bottom row*



Deep Learning in Medical Imaging

- Convolutional Neural Networks have been widely employed in several Medical Imaging tasks such as image classification, detection, segmentation, and others
- Neural Networks are often seen as **black boxes**: this does not suit our task
- Binary predictions are an extremely underwhelming tool for immunofluorescence image analysis
- How can we improve CNNs interpretability?

Inter-rater agreement (Cohen's Kappa) between expert practitioners is very low

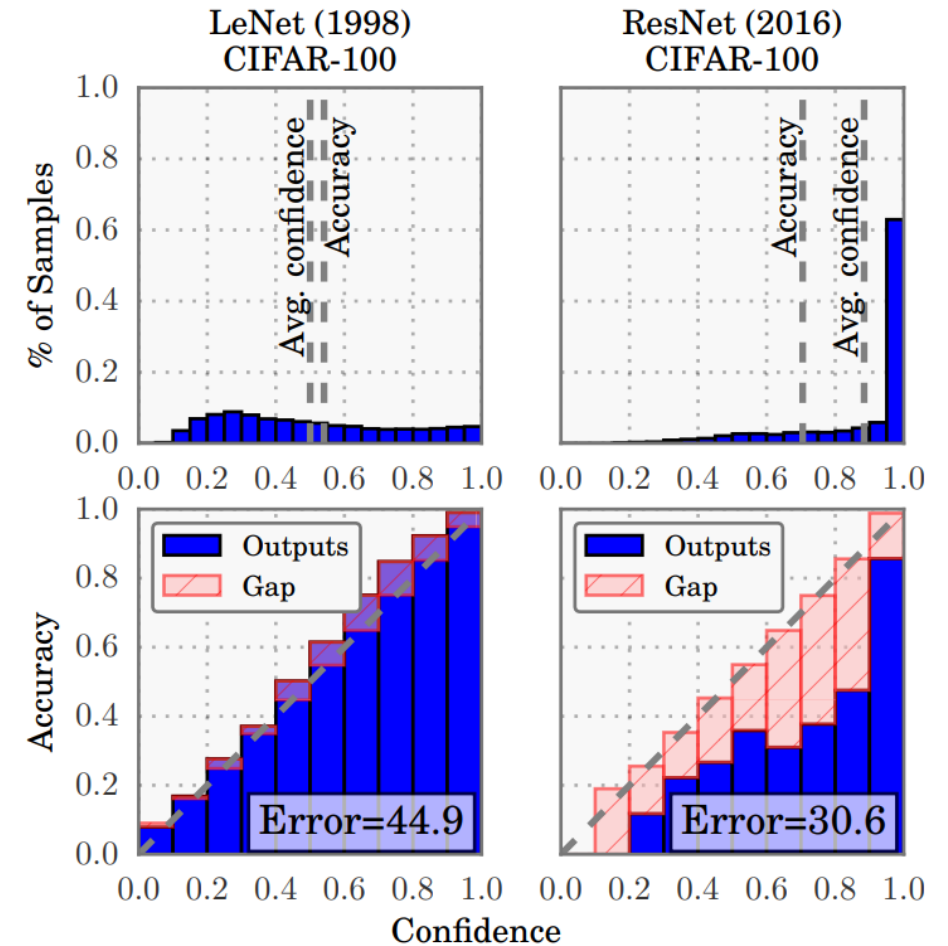
	GT	P1	P2		GT	P1	P2
P3	0.50	0.70	0.34	P3	0.40	0.60	0.60
P2	0.50	0.50		P2	0.40	0.42	
P1	0.80			P1	0.60		

(a) Mesangial

(b) Parietal

Proposed Method

- **Dataset:**
 - 11k images
 - 3k exhibit parietal pattern
 - 2k exhibit mesangial pattern
 - 1k exhibit both patterns
- **Task** – identification of two mutually non-exclusive patterns (mesangial and parietal)
- **CNNs** – one residual blocks neural network for task
- **Reliable Outputs** – model recalibration
 - Calibrated probabilities – low Expected Calibration Error (ECE) ^[1]
 - Good discriminative power – high accuracy



[1] C. Guo, G. Pleiss, Y. Sun, and K. Q. Weinberger, "On Calibration of Modern Neural Networks," in *Proceedings of the 34th International Conference on Machine Learning-Volume 70*, 2017, pp. 1321–1330.

Quantitative Results 1/2

TABLE I
PERFORMANCE FOR MESANGIAL PATTERN CLASSIFICATION.

Model	Drop	Uncalibrated						PS					TS	
		Acc	Prec	Rec	F1-S	AUC	ECE	Acc	Prec	Rec	F1-S	AUC	ECE	ECE
DenseNet-121	0	81.00	76.70	70.90	73.70	79.00	13.19	77.50	81.00	52.30	63.50	72.50	4.96	2.31
DenseNet-121	0.5	82.20	76.50	75.70	76.10	80.90	4.19	78.80	86.90	51.2	64.40	73.30	5.27	3.00
ResNet-101	0	82.10	75.40	77.60	76.50	81.20	8.86	80.00	85.40	56.30	67.80	75.30	3.08	2.67
ResNet-101	0.5	82.10	79.20	70.90	74.80	79.90	12.64	78.80	85.00	52.80	65.10	76.30	3.77	3.06
ResNet-18	0	81.30	78.30	69.30	73.50	78.90	1.62	79.40	85.70	54.10	66.30	74.30	4.40	1.41
ResNet-18	0.5	81.90	76.40	74.90	75.60	80.50	3.35	78.50	83.60	53.10	64.90	73.40	6.33	2.96
ResNet-50	0	81.60	72.70	81.60	76.90	81.60	7.59	79.70	85.20	55.50	67.20	74.90	4.71	2.19
ResNet-50	0.5	81.70	77.30	72.50	74.80	79.90	3.62	79.60	85.90	55.20	67.20	74.90	3.83	2.58
ResNet-152	0	81.60	75.50	75.50	75.50	80.40	10.40	79.80	85.30	55.70	67.40	75.00	4.45	3.00
ResNet-152	0.5	82.10	73.80	81.10	77.30	81.90	2.22	80.00	86.90	54.90	67.30	75.00	4.53	2.29
EfficientNet-b3	0.3	78.40	72.50	68.30	70.30	76.40	12.54	77.60	82.10	51.50	63.30	72.40	4.94	3.13
EfficientNet-b4	0.4	79.60	75.20	68.00	71.40	77.30	14.54	78.40	85.00	51.50	64.10	73.00	4.78	4.00
EfficientNet-b5	0.4	79.40	75.50	66.70	70.80	76.90	13.16	76.70	81.40	49.10	61.20	71.20	7.02	5.70

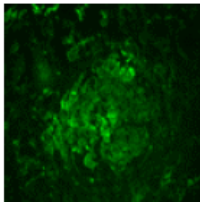
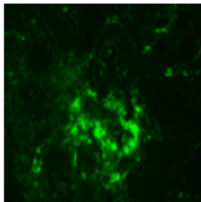
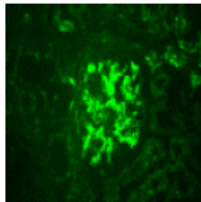
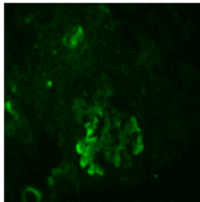
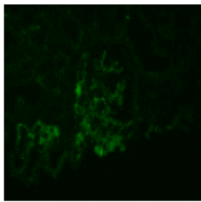
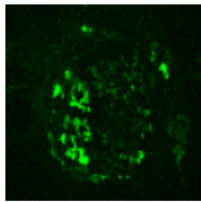
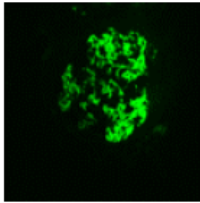
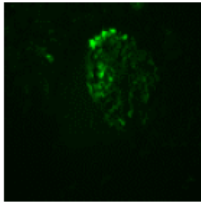
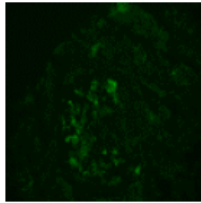
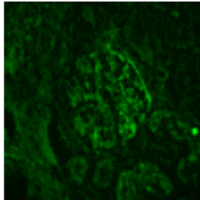
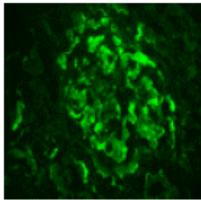
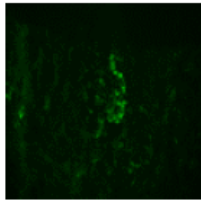
Quantitative Results 2/2

TABLE II
PERFORMANCE FOR PARIETAL PATTERN CLASSIFICATION.

Uncalibrated								PS					TS	
Model	Drop	Acc	Prec	Rec	F1-S	AUC	ECE	Acc	Prec	Rec	F1-S	AUC	ECE	ECE
DenseNet-121	0	76.80	79.90	64.70	71.50	75.70	15.42	76.40	83.40	59.30	69.30	74.80	6.97	5.73
DenseNet-121	0.5	80.30	78.70	77.10	77.90	80.00	13.25	77.20	85.60	59.30	70.10	75.60	4.20	3.21
ResNet-101	0	77.30	75.40	73.60	74.50	77.0	17.31	76.00	83.40	58.20	68.60	74.40	4.57	3.88
ResNet-101	0.5	75.90	82.60	58.90	68.70	74.40	18.93	75.20	84.50	54.70	66.40	73.20	5.04	3.77
ResNet-18	0	75.60	76.50	66.00	70.90	74.70	15.04	75.60	82.60	58.00	68.10	74.00	4.85	4.36
ResNet-18	0.5	78.20	79.00	70.20	74.30	77.50	11.37	76.10	83.10	58.90	68.90	74.50	5.36	4.19
ResNet-50	0	76.80	82.10	62.00	70.60	75.50	17.38	75.20	86.10	53.80	66.20	73.30	5.34	3.66
ResNet-50	0.5	76.90	82.10	62.20	70.80	75.60	16.78	75.80	84.30	56.00	67.30	73.70	5.55	4.52
ResNet-152	0	77.60	81.20	65.30	72.40	76.50	18.59	76.00	84.30	57.30	68.20	74.30	4.23	4.06
ResNet-152	0.5	76.00	80.00	62.20	70.00	74.70	19.00	74.70	82.40	56.00	66.70	73.10	5.53	4.53
EfficientNet-b3	0.3	78.20	74.90	77.60	76.20	78.10	8.52	74.40	83.20	54.00	65.50	72.50	5.80	2.35
EfficientNet-b4	0.4	77.50	77.80	70.00	73.70	76.80	12.37	74.30	82.90	54.00	65.40	72.50	6.36	3.69
EfficientNet-b5	0.4	77.50	77.50	70.40	73.80	76.90	14.62	75.10	82.70	56.40	67.10	73.40	5.77	3.85

Qualitative Results

- Expert practitioners provided likelihood scores of the mesangial patterns

GT: yes Pred: no	<i>Calib</i> Uncalib	GT: no Pred: yes	<i>Calib</i> Uncalib	GT: yes Pred: yes	<i>Calib</i> Uncalib <i>Human</i>
	0.830 0.992		0.781 0.980		0.965 0.999 1.000
	0.771 0.977		0.774 0.964		0.771 0.977 0.400
	0.571 0.707		0.572 0.711		0.658 0.883 0.600
	0.562 0.684		0.560 0.679		0.558 0.673 0.400

- Mitigating CNNs overconfidence is undoubtedly helpful for misclassified samples
- Calibrated probabilities are closer to human-assigned likelihood scores *w.r.t.* uncalibrated outputs
- Re-calibrating the CNNs output reduced the Mean Absolute Error (MAE) by 5%